
Blue River Technology
Health and Welfare Plan

Master Summary Plan Description

Amended Effective January 1, 2024

This document, together with the additional documents provided along with it, constitute the written plan document required by ERISA § 402 and the Summary Plan Description required by ERISA § 102.

If you (and/or your dependents) have Medicare or will become eligible for Medicare in the next 12 months, a Federal law gives you more choices about your prescription drug coverage. Please see the notice reproduced in Appendix B for more details.

This Wrap Summary Plan Document (SPD) has been formally modified through the Summary of Material Modification document(s) attached at the back of this document.

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1. Definitions

Capitalized terms used in this document have the following meanings:

"AD&D" means accidental death and dismemberment insurance.

"Affordable Care Act" means the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act, as amended.

"COBRA" means the Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985, as amended.

"Code" means the Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended.

"Company" means Blue River Technology, LLC or any successor thereto, and any affiliated entity within the same controlled group, as that term is defined under section 414(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, that participates in the plan.

"DCAP" means a dependent care assistance program that may be established by the Company under a separate document. The DCAP is a benefit program under the Plan. It may allow you to use pre-tax dollars to pay for the care of your eligible dependents while you are at work. It is not subject to ERISA.

"Employee" means any common-law employee of the Company who satisfies the eligibility provisions of in this document and is not excluded from participation by the terms of an applicable benefit program, except individuals classified or treated by the Company as independent contractors (regardless of any subsequent reclassification), or as an employee of an employment agency.

"ERISA" means the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974, as amended.

"Health FSA" means a health flexible spending account plan that may be established by the Company under a separate document. The health FSA is a benefit program under the Plan. It allows you to use before-tax dollars to pay for most medical and dental expenses not reimbursed under other programs.

"HIPAA" means the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996, as amended.

"NMHPA" means the Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act of 1996, as amended.

"Plan" means the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan and includes this document, written amendments and updates to this document, and the terms of all policies and component benefit programs listed in Section 15.

"Plan Administrator" means the Company.

"SPD" means the Summary Plan Description required by ERISA § 102 summarizing this Plan and includes this document, information booklets supplied by insurance carriers, and other benefits descriptions provided to participants with this document or at any other period as appropriate to provide updates to the document, such as during open enrollment.

"WHCRA" means the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, as amended.

2. Introduction

The Company maintains the Plan for the exclusive benefit of eligible Employees and eligible family members or “dependents.” It is important that you share this document and the materials referenced here in with your covered dependents. The Plan provides health and welfare benefits through the benefit programs listed in Section 15. See Section 15 for a listing of benefit programs and the entities that help administer the programs.

Each of these benefit programs is summarized in a certificate of insurance booklet issued by an insurance company, a summary plan description or another document (a “Benefit Description”). A Benefit Description will be available from the insurer (if the benefit is fully-insured) or Plan Administrator (if the benefit is self-funded). Whether a benefit program is fully-insured or self-funded is noted in Section 15.

This document and its attachments constitute the plan document required by ERISA § 402. This document and its attachments, coupled with the information booklets and other descriptive materials provided for benefits as described in Section 15 constitutes the wrap Summary Plan Description as required by ERISA § 102.

3. General Information about the Plan

Plan Name:	Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan.
Type of Plan:	Welfare plan providing coverages listed in Section 15. The Plan also includes funding through a cafeteria plan under Code § 125
Plan Year:	January 1 to December 31.
Plan Number:	501
Effective Date:	January 1, 2020. The Plan has been amended several times since its original effective date, most recently as of January 1, 2024.
Funding Medium and Type of Plan Administration:	Some benefits under the Plan are self-funded, and some are fully-insured. See Section 15 for a description of the benefit programs and whether they are self-funded or fully-insured. For benefit programs which are fully-insured, benefits are insured under a group contract entered into between the Company and insurance companies or HMO. The insurance companies and/or HMO, not the Company, are responsible for paying claims with respect to these programs. The Company shares responsibility with the insurance companies and/or HMO for administering these program benefits, as described below. For benefit programs which are self-funded, the Company is responsible for processing and paying appropriate claims. The

Company may hire a third party administrator (a "TPA") to process claims.

Premiums for Employees and their eligible family members may be paid in part by the Company out of its general assets and in part by Employees' pre-tax and/or post-tax payroll deductions. The Plan Administrator provides a schedule of the applicable premiums during the initial and subsequent open enrollment periods and on request for each of the benefit programs, as applicable.

The Company provides Employees the opportunity to pay for benefits on a pre-tax basis through a cafeteria plan. Appendix C provides information with regard to such a plan.

Plan Sponsor:

The employer is the Plan Sponsor.

Blue River Technology, LLC
3303 Scott Blvd.
Santa Clara, CA 95054

(408) 461-9606

**Plan Sponsor's Employer
Identification Number:**

45-2442141

Insurance Companies/HMO:

See a complete list under the heading Plan Provider Information later in this document.

Plan Administrator:

Attention: Sr. Manager of Total Rewards
Blue River Technology, LLC
3303 Scott Blvd.
Santa Clara, 95054

(408) 461-9606

Named Fiduciary:

Blue River Technology, LLC
3303 Scott Blvd.
Santa Clara, 95054

(408) 461-9606

**Agent for Service of Legal
Process:**

VP of People
Blue River Technology, LLC
3303 Scott Blvd.
Santa Clara, 95054

(408) 461-9606

Service for legal process may also be made on the Plan Administrator.

Language assistance is available. If you have difficulty understanding any part of this Summary Plan Description, contact the Plan Administrator at (408) 461-9606.

Benefits hereunder may be provided pursuant to an insurance contract or pursuant to a governing document adopted by the Company. If so, these contracts are made a part of this Plan document, and the contracts and Plan document should be construed as consistent, if possible. If the terms of this Plan document conflict with the terms of such insurance contract or other governing document, then the terms of the insurance contract or governing document will control, with the exception of defining eligible employees and dependents, which is determined by the Company, unless otherwise required by law.

4. Eligibility and Participation Requirements

Eligibility and Participation

An eligible Employee with respect to the Plan will be an Employee who is eligible to participate in and receive benefits under one or more of the benefit programs. To determine whether you or your family members are eligible to participate in a benefit program, please see Section 15. Reclassification from non-employee to employee status by a court or any agency or by the Company will not create any retroactive right to coverage.

Certain benefit programs require that you make an annual election to enroll for coverage.

Generally, you cannot enroll, drop coverage, or change your or your dependents coverage under the plan except during annual Open Enrollment. However you may be able to add or drop coverage for yourself or a dependent during the plan year if you experience an event that triggers a HIPAA Special Enrollment Right (see discussion below) or if you have a Status Change Event (see Appendix C for an explanation of Status Change Events). Please review the rules for changing your benefits elections described in Appendix C very carefully as the rules regarding making benefits changes mid-year must be strictly enforced.

Information about enrollment procedures is provided by the Company. Information about when your participation begins in various benefit programs is found under Section 15. You must follow any required enrollment procedures. **Always make sure the Company has your current home address and other contact information for you and your covered dependent to correctly administer your benefits and to send you important benefits information.**

Eligible Dependent Status

Section 15 describes whether your spouse and or child can participate in a particular benefit program. Section 15 also describes any limits on such participation. For example, children covered under the Medical benefit program generally can be covered until the end of the month during which they reach age 26. However, coverage may end earlier for other benefits (or may not be available at all). For specifics on eligibility for each benefit offered refer to Section 15. Note that the definition of dependent may be different for the different benefits offered under the Plan.

You cannot be covered both as an employee and as a dependent under the plan.

Full Time Status and the ACA

Under the ACA, employers are required to report specific benefits information to IRS on “full-time” employees as defined by the ACA. A “full-time” employee is generally an employee who works on average 130 hours per month. Employers may also face penalties if they do not offer major medical coverage to substantially all full-time employees or if the coverage they offer is unaffordable or does not meet a minimum value standard. The Company determines full-time status using the “Look-Back” method. ACA full-time status is not a guarantee of major medical benefits eligibility. Benefits eligibility is described in Section 15.

Special Enrollment Provisions under HIPAA

Under the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA), a special enrollment period for the Medical benefit program (or similar benefit programs providing medical benefits) may be available, usually if you lose medical coverage under certain conditions or when you acquire a new dependent by marriage, birth, or adoption.

If you are declining enrollment for yourself or your dependents (including your spouse) because of other health insurance coverage, you may in the future be able to enroll yourself or your dependents in this Plan, provided that you request enrollment within 30 days after your other coverage ends. In addition, if you acquire a new dependent as a result of marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption, you may be able to enroll yourself and your dependents, provided that you request enrollment within 30 days after the marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption.

In addition, if you declined enrollment in the Plan for yourself or your dependents (including a spouse) because of coverage under Medicaid or a State Children's Health Insurance Program, there may be a right to enroll in this Plan if there is a loss of eligibility for the government-provided coverage. However, a request for enrollment must be made within 60 days after the government-provided coverage ends.

Finally, if you declined enrollment in the Plan for yourself or your dependents (including a spouse), and you or a dependent later becomes eligible for state “premium assistance” through Medicaid or a State Children's Health Insurance Program which provides help with paying for Plan coverage, then there may be a right to enroll in this Plan. However, a request for enrollment must be made within 60 days after the determination of eligibility for the state assistance. ***Medicaid and State Children's Health Insurance Program premium assistance are not available with respect to coverage under a health FSA or a high-deductible health plan. Thus, this special enrollment event will not apply to such plans.***

Coverage during Certain Leaves of Absence

Certain Federal (and State) statutes like the Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA) require that eligibility for medical benefits continue for employees on those protected leaves of absence under the same terms as active employees. When wages continue during such a leave, your contributions will be deducted from those wages on a pre-tax basis. When such a leave is unpaid, you are still required to pay your portion of the premium. Your portion of the premium may be paid as regular monthly intervals during the leave on a post-tax basis.

You may also generally discontinue coverage at the beginning of such an unpaid leave and when you return your benefits will either be reinstated or you may re-enroll for the remainder of the coverage period or plan year.

Human Resources must determine whether or not you are eligible for a statutory or other leave of absence.

Terms of Participation

Your participation and the participation of your spouse and dependents in a benefit program will terminate according to the terms of the specific benefit program. Generally, coverage for most benefit programs terminates on the last day of the month in which you terminate employment, but certain benefit programs may provide coverage only through the date your employment terminates. Please see Section 15 for further information on the date participation in a specific benefit program will terminate.

Coverage may also terminate if you fail to pay your share of an applicable premium, if your hours drop below the required hourly threshold for the particular benefit, if you engage in fraud or make an intentional misrepresentation of a material fact, or for any other reason as set forth in the attached documents. You should consult Section 15 for a general summary and the attached documents for specific termination events and information.

Coverage may be terminated retroactively in the normal course of business due to a participant's termination of employment, nonpayment of premiums, loss of dependent eligibility or other, similar factors. When you or a dependent lose eligibility for benefits, regardless of whether or not you timely report that loss of eligibility, a change to any existing salary reduction election will be made automatically. To the extent that the coverage at issue does not allow for retroactive termination of that coverage and election to the date of the loss of eligibility, such changes will be prospective. If coverage can be terminated retroactively to the date of the loss of eligibility, or sometime thereafter, excess salary reduction contributions will be refunded on a post-tax basis to the date the termination of coverage can be made effective.

Any person claiming benefits under the Plan shall furnish the Company, any insurance company or other entity working on behalf of the Plan or a benefit program with such information and documentation as may be necessary to verify eligibility for and/or entitlement to benefits under the Plan or a benefit program. This may include but is not limited to providing social security numbers, birth certificates, marriage certificates, or proof of dependent eligibility. Failure to cooperate and provide such information will lead to a loss of eligibility for benefits.

Knowingly enrolling an ineligible dependent in plan benefits constitutes fraud and is considered a material misrepresentation that will result in termination of coverage as well as other disciplinary action up to and including termination of employment. Eligibility for benefits is described in Section 15. If you have questions about whether a dependent is eligible you must contact Human Resources before enrolling that dependent.

COBRA Rights

You may be eligible for COBRA continuation coverage or conversion policies when your coverage for a medical benefit program under this Plan terminates. Information about continuation coverage or conversion is contained in Appendix A. If you have questions about this law or these rights, please contact the Plan Administrator (for benefit programs that are self-

funded) or the insurance carrier (if the benefit is fully-insured). You can determine whether a benefit program is self-funded or fully-insured by consulting Section 15.

For the Health FSA benefit program, COBRA continuation coverage is available if your account is underspent (if the COBRA premium for the account (the monthly salary reduction election + 2%) for the remainder of the coverage period is less than the account's balance) but generally cannot extend beyond the end of the Plan Year (including any 2½ month grace period). COBRA continuation coverage will not be offered with respect to the Health FSA benefit program if your Health FSA is overspent, unless otherwise required by applicable law.

5. Summary of Plan Benefits

Benefits and Contribution

The Plan provides you and your eligible spouse and dependents with the benefit programs listed in Section 15. A summary of each benefit program provided under the Plan may be provided in the attached documents (such as a certificate of insurance booklet, summary plan description for a specific benefit program or other governing document). Note that some of the attached documents may be labeled as a "summary plan description." If so, that document will only be a summary of the specific benefit program to which it relates. Notwithstanding any of the terms of such a document, that document is not the formal, single "Summary Plan Description" for this Plan. Rather, this document constitutes the formal, single "Summary Plan Description."

The cost of the benefits provided through the benefit programs may be funded in part by Company contributions and in part by pre-tax and/or post-tax employee contributions. The Company will determine and periodically communicate your share of the cost, if any, of the benefit programs. The Company reserves the right to change that determination.

The Company will make its contributions, if any, in an amount that (in the Company's sole discretion) is at least sufficient to fund the benefits or a portion of the benefits that are not otherwise funded by your contributions. The Company will pay its contribution and your contributions to any insurance carrier or, with respect to benefits that are self-insured, will use these contributions to pay benefits directly to, or on behalf of, you or your eligible family members from the Company's general assets. Your contributions toward the cost of a particular benefit program will be used in their entirety prior to using Company contributions to pay for the cost of such benefit program.

Medical benefits under this Plan may be subject to cost-sharing provisions, premiums, deductibles, co-insurance, copayment amounts, annual or lifetime limits, pre-authorization requirements or utilization review. There may also be limitations on the selection of primary care or network providers, limits on emergency medical care, or limited coverage for preventive services, drugs, medical tests, medical devices or medical procedures. These limitations are set forth in the attached documents.

Certain prescription drug benefits are considered "Creditable Coverage" under Medicare Part D. The attached documents provide details regarding this coverage and an annual

notice (attached and incorporated by reference in Appendix B) explains how this creditable coverage works for these prescription drug benefit programs.

The Plan will provide benefits in accordance with the requirements of all applicable Federal laws regulating group health plans, such as COBRA, HIPAA, NMHPA, WHCRA and the Affordable Care Act. A brief summary of some of these laws is below.

Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act (NMHPA) of 1996

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act (WHCRA) of 1998

If you have had or are going to have a mastectomy, you may be entitled to certain benefits under the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998. For individuals receiving mastectomy-related benefits, coverage will be provided in a manner determined in consultation with the attending physician and the patient, for:

- All stages of reconstruction of the breast on which the mastectomy was performed;
- Surgery and reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance;
- Prostheses; and
- Treatment of physical complications of the mastectomy, including lymphedemas.

These benefits will be provided subject to the same deductibles and coinsurance applicable to other medical and surgical benefits provided under this Plan.

Qualified Medical Child Support Orders

Group health plans and health insurance issuers generally must provide benefits as required by any qualified medical child support order, or "QMCSO." The Plan has detailed procedures for determining whether an order qualifies as a QMCSO. Participants and beneficiaries can obtain, without charge, a copy of such procedures from the Plan Administrator.

Lifetime and Annual Limits

Lifetime or annual limit on the dollar value of "essential health benefits" are no longer permitted under the major medical plans offered by the Plan. For more information on "essential health benefits" refer to the terms of policies and benefit program materials listed in Section 15. These documents are provided to you during enrollment and are available from Human Resources, the insurer (if the benefit is fully-insured), or Plan Administrator (if the benefit is self-funded).

6. Grandfathered Status under the Affordable Care Act

Non-Grandfathered Benefit Programs under the Affordable Care Act

The following benefit programs that provide health benefits are not “grandfathered health plans” under the Affordable Care Act:

- Kaiser HMO
- Aetna OAMC 500 PPO
- Aetna OAMC 250 PPO

These benefit programs must, under the Affordable Care Act, provide additional protections. The protections provided by the Affordable Care Act include the following:

Preventive Services covered at 100%

In-network preventive care services will be covered at 100% with no cost sharing (e.g., copayment, coinsurance percentage, deductible, etc.). Preventive services include those services outlined in the US Preventive Services Taskforce recommendations (services rated “A” or “B”). Please see the attached documents for the preventive services included at no cost share.

Non-Network Emergency Services covered as In-Network

Emergency services must be covered without the need for prior authorization, regardless of the participating status of the provider or facility, and at the in-network cost sharing level.

Access to Primary Care Physicians

The Affordable Care Act generally allows participants the right to designate any primary care provider who participates in the network and who is available to accept the participant and his or her family members. If the benefit program requires that a primary care provider be designated, but one is not designated, the benefit program or a health insurance issuer will designate one until the participant or family member makes such a designation.

- For children, you may designate a pediatrician as the primary care provider.
- You do not need prior authorization from the Plan or from any other person (including a primary care provider) in order to obtain access to obstetrical or gynecological care from a health care professional in our network who specializes in obstetrics or gynecology. The health care professional, however, may be required to comply with certain procedures, including obtaining prior authorization for certain services, following a pre-approved treatment plan, or procedures for making referrals.

7. How the Plan Is Administered

Plan Administration

The administration of the Plan is under the supervision of the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator is a named fiduciary within the meaning of ERISA § 402 and has full discretionary authority to administer the Plan, to interpret the Plan, and to determine eligibility for participation and for benefits under the terms of the Plan. However, insurers and parties that have entered into administrative service agreements (Third Party Service Providers or TPAs) assume sole responsibility for their performance under applicable policies or administrative services agreements and, under ERISA, may be fiduciaries with respect to their performance.

The principal duty of the Plan Administrator is to see that the Plan is carried out, in accordance with its terms, for the exclusive benefit of persons entitled to participate in the Plan. The administrative duties of the Plan Administrator include, but are not limited to, interpreting the Plan, prescribing applicable procedures, determining eligibility for and the amount of benefits, and authorizing benefit payments and gathering information necessary for administering the Plan. (However, as noted below, one or more insurance companies may have these responsibilities with respect to fully-insured benefits.)

The Plan Administrator may delegate any of these administrative duties among one or more persons or entities, provided that such delegation is in writing, expressly identifies the delegate(s) and expressly describes the nature and scope of the delegated responsibility. The Plan Administrator has the discretionary authority to interpret the Plan in order to make eligibility and benefit determinations as it may determine in its sole discretion. The Plan Administrator also has the discretionary authority to make factual determinations as to whether any individual is entitled to receive any benefits under the Plan.

Power and Authority of Insurance Company

As detailed in Section 15, certain benefits under the Plan may be fully insured. The insurance companies are responsible for: (1) determining eligibility for and the amount of any benefits payable under their respective benefit programs, and (2) prescribing claims procedures to be followed and the claims forms to be used by employees pursuant to their respective benefit programs.

Questions

If you have any general questions regarding the Plan, or your eligibility for or the amount of any benefit payable under any benefit program, please contact the Plan Administrator or the appropriate insurance company as applicable.

8. Circumstances Which May Affect Benefits

Denial or Loss of Benefits

Your benefits (and the benefits of your eligible spouse and dependents) will cease when your participation in the Plan terminates. See Section 15. Your benefits will also cease on termination of the Plan.

Right to Recover Benefit Overpayments and Other Erroneous Payments

The Plan and its benefit programs (including any insurance company on behalf of a benefit program) have all necessary or helpful rights to subrogation or reimbursement of benefits. If, for any reason, any benefit under the Plan is erroneously paid or exceeds the amount appropriately payable under the Plan, the recipient of such benefit (the "Recipient") shall be responsible for refunding the overpayment to the Plan or insurance company to the fullest extent permitted by law. In addition, if the Plan or insurance company makes any payment that, according to the terms of the Plan, policy or contract should not have been made, the insurance company, the Plan Administrator, or the Plan Sponsor (or designee) may, to the fullest extent permitted by law, recover that incorrect payment, whether or not it was made due to the insurance company's or Plan Administrator's (or its designee's) own error, from the person to whom it was made or from any other appropriate party.

As may be permitted in the sole discretion of the Plan Administrator or insurance company, the refund or repayment may be made in one or a combination of the following methods: (a) as a single lump-sum payment, (b) as a reduction of the amount of future benefits otherwise payable under the Plan, (c) as automatic deductions from pay, or (d) any other method as may be required or permitted in the sole discretion of the Plan Administrator or the insurance company. The Plan may also seek recovery of the erroneous payment or benefit overpayment from any other appropriate party.

Any benefit payments or reimbursements made by check must be cashed or deposited within one year after the check is issued. If any check or other payment for a benefit is not cashed or deposited within one year of the date of issue, the Plan will have no liability for the benefit payment and the amount of the check will be deemed a forfeiture. No funds will escheat to any state.

9. Amendment or Termination of the Plan

Amendment or Termination

The Plan and any benefit program under the Plan may be amended or terminated at any time, in the sole discretion of the Company as Plan sponsor, by a written instrument signed by an authorized individual. Some benefit programs may also be amended or terminated by an insurance carrier, as more fully described in any attached documents from an insurance carrier. The policies and agreements may also be amended or terminated at any time in accordance with their terms. No individual (including a retired employee) shall have a right to continuing benefits except to the extent required by law.

10. No Contract of Employment

The Plan is not intended to be, and may not be construed as, constituting a contract or other arrangement between you and the Company to the effect that you will be employed for any specific period of time.

11. No Assignment

Except as may otherwise be specifically provided in this Plan, the benefit programs, or applicable law, an individual's rights, interests or benefits under this Plan or the benefit programs shall not be subject in any manner to anticipation, alienation, sale, transfer, assignment, pledge, encumbrance, charge, garnishment, execution or levy of any kind, either voluntary or involuntary, prior to being received by the persons entitled thereto under the terms of the benefit programs, and any such attempt shall be void.

Specifically, participants and beneficiaries covered under this plan cannot assign their rights to medical providers to pursue direct payment of claims either as the participant or beneficiaries' agent or under power of attorney. Under the terms of this plan, medical providers cannot take action enforcing a patient's right to recover benefits under ERISA or assert any claims under ERISA on behalf of patients, even where the patient(s) have assigned their rights to their medical providers.

In its discretion, the Plan Administrator may voluntarily pay (or cause to be paid) benefits directly to an out-of-network hospital, facility, or other health care provider on behalf of a participant or beneficiary covered under this plan, and such payment will not constitute an assignment of rights or benefits and will not be deemed a waiver of this no assignment provision as to that participant or beneficiary or any other participant or beneficiary covered under this plan.

12. Claims Procedure

Claims for Fully-Insured Benefits

For purposes of determining of the amount of, and entitlement to, benefits of the benefit programs provided under insurance contracts or policies, the respective insurer is the named fiduciary under the Plan, with the full power to interpret and apply the terms of the Plan as they relate to benefits.

To obtain benefits from the insurer of a benefit program, you must follow the claims procedures under the applicable insurance contract, which may require you to complete, sign and submit a written claim on the insurer's form.

The insurance company will decide your claim in accordance with its reasonable claims procedures as required by ERISA.

See the appropriate certificate of insurance or booklet for details regarding the insurance company's claims procedures. You must fully follow and exhaust these claims procedures before you can file a lawsuit in state or federal court. You may have a right to seek external review of your claims, if so noted in the applicable insurance contract or policy.

Claims for Self-Funded Benefits

For purposes of determining the amount of, and entitlement to, benefits under the benefit programs which are self-funded, the Plan Administrator is the named fiduciary under the Plan, with the full power to make factual determinations and to interpret and apply the terms of the Plan.

To obtain benefits from a benefit program which is self-funded you must complete, execute, and submit to the Plan Administrator a written claim on the form available from the Plan Administrator. The Plan Administrator has the right to secure independent medical advice and to require such other evidence, as it deems necessary to decide your claim.

The Plan Administrator will decide your claim in accordance with reasonable claims procedures, as required by ERISA. You may have a right to seek external review of your claims, if so noted in the applicable attached document for the self-funded benefit program.

See the appropriate benefits description for information about how to file a claim and for details regarding the claims procedures applicable to your claim. You must fully follow and exhaust these claims procedures before you can file a lawsuit in court.

The Role of Authorized Representatives

Under ERISA and the ACA participants and beneficiaries have the right to designate an Authorized Representative for certain purposes. These purposes are generally limited to requesting documents or other information on behalf of a participant or beneficiary or acting on their behalf during claims and appeals procedures that can follow an adverse benefits determination. In any situation that does not constitute an urgent care claim, to designate any third party as an Authorized Representative a participant or beneficiary must use the signed statement included as an appendix of this document with the required witness signature. A medical provider will not become a participant or beneficiary's Authorized Representative as a result of an attempt to secure an assignment of benefits. The Plan does not guarantee that any purported assignment will be valid under the terms of the Plan.

13. Statement of ERISA Rights

This Statement of ERISA Rights applies to those benefit programs which are subject to ERISA. Not all benefit programs which are part of this Plan will be subject to ERISA. The following benefit programs are not subject to ERISA: Cafeteria plan, DCAP, Commuter, and Voluntary Legal.

Your Rights

As a participant in an ERISA plan you are entitled to certain rights and protections under ERISA. ERISA provides that, as a participant, you are entitled to:

- examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office and at other specified locations, the Plan documents, including insurance contracts, and copies of all documents filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor (if any) such as annual reports and Plan descriptions;
- obtain copies of the benefit program documents and other program information on written request to the Plan Administrator (the Plan Administrator may make a reasonable charge for the copies);

- receive a summary of the Plan's annual financial report, if any (the Plan Administrator is required by law to furnish each participant with a copy of this summary annual report);
- continue health care coverage for yourself, spouse, or dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the Plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage. Review this Summary Plan Description and the documents governing the Plan on the rules governing your COBRA continuation coverage rights.

Fiduciary Obligations

In addition to creating rights for participants, ERISA imposes duties on the people who are responsible for the operation of the benefit program. These people, called "fiduciaries" of the program, have a duty to operate the program prudently and in the interest of you and other program participants. Fiduciaries who violate ERISA may be removed and may be required to reimburse the Plan for any losses they have caused the program.

No Discrimination

No one, including the Company or any other person, may fire you or discriminate against you in any way with the purpose of preventing you from obtaining welfare benefits or exercising your rights under ERISA.

Right to Review

If your claim for a welfare benefit is denied in whole or in part, you must receive a written explanation of the reason for the denial. You have a right to have the Plan Administrator review and reconsider your claim.

Filing Suit

Under ERISA, there are steps you can take to enforce these rights. For instance, if you request materials from the Plan Administrator and do not receive them within 30 days, you may file suit in a federal court. In such a case, the court may require the Plan Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Plan Administrator. If you have a claim for benefits that is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, and if you have exhausted the claims procedures available to you under the Plan, you may file suit in a court.

Any lawsuit must be filed within 36 months of the final decision on the claim. Exhaustion of the internal claims and appeals procedure is required prior to filing suit.

If it should happen that benefit program fiduciaries misuse the Program's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose (for example, if the court finds your claim is frivolous), the court may order you to pay these costs and fees.

Questions

If you have any questions about this statement or your rights under ERISA, you should contact the nearest office of the Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, listed in your telephone directory, or the Division of Technical Assistance and Inquiries, Employee Benefits Security Administration, U.S. Department of Labor, 200 Constitution Avenue N.W., Washington, D.C. 20210. You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

14. General Information

COBRA

Benefit programs which provide health benefits generally are subject to the federal law known as COBRA. COBRA generally allows covered participants and beneficiaries to continue in the benefit program, even after a "qualifying event" occurs. For more information about COBRA please see Appendix A. You may also have state law continuation or conversion rights.

Subrogation and Reimbursement

If an individual has a claim for benefits under this Plan or any benefit program, and that individual acquires any right or action against a third party for the person's injury, sickness or other illness which is so covered, then: (a) the Plan shall be entitled to reimbursement for such benefits from such third party up to 100% of the benefits paid by the Plan; and (b) the Plan is automatically subrogated to all such rights or claims of the covered person. The covered person shall cooperate fully with the Plan in the enforcement of the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights. In addition, the person shall permit suit to be brought in the person's name under the direction of and at the expense of the Company if the Company so chooses. The Plan shall not be liable for such a person's attorney's fees absent prior written approval from the Plan. The Plan Administrator may require the receipt of a signed and dated subrogation and reimbursement agreement from the person before advancing any monies.

The failure or refusal of a covered person to fully cooperate with the Plan in the enforcement of the Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights shall result in a forfeiture of all benefits payable to that person, even if such benefits have already been paid, in which event the Company shall retain a right to recover paid benefits which are forfeited in such a manner.

The Company, on behalf of this Plan, shall have a first priority right to recover from and a lien against any payment, whether designated as a payment for medical benefits or any other type of damages, from the proceeds of any recovery, including but not limited to any settlement, award or judgment which results from a claim or lawsuit by or on behalf of a covered person who received benefits under this Plan (even if such covered person is not made whole). The plan is not required to contribute to any expenses or fees (including attorney's fees or costs) incurred in obtaining the funds. The plan's recovery will not be limited or reduced by doctrines (equitable or other) including but not limited to, the make-whole doctrine, contributory or comparative negligence, or the common fund doctrine. The plan's right to full recovery is not reduced if settlement funds or other payments to you are spent or no longer in an individual's possession or control. Notice of the Plan's claim shall be sufficient to establish this Plan's lien against the third party or insurance carrier. The Company shall be entitled to deduct the amount

of the lien from any future claims payable to or on behalf of the covered person or payee if the covered person or payee fails to promptly notify the Plan Administrator of a payment received from a third party or insurance carrier that is subject to this Plan's subrogation and reimbursement rights.

In the event that the Plan obtains a recovery against a third party in excess of payments made to or on behalf of the covered person and reasonable out of pocket expenses of the recovery, then the Plan shall pay to the covered person that excess amount recovered by the Plan.

In the event of any direct conflict between this Section 13 and the subrogation and reimbursement provisions in any benefit program, the subrogation and reimbursement provisions in the benefit program shall control. Otherwise, the provisions of this Section 13 shall apply and may supplement those contained in any benefit program.

The above provisions of this "Subrogation and Reimbursement" section apply with respect to a benefit program that is self-funded and does not, in its governing documents (but excluding this Plan document) have a subrogation and reimbursement section. If the benefit program does have such a section that section shall control. With respect to a fully-insured benefit program, the contract or policy from the insurer shall control with respect to subrogation and reimbursement matters.

No Vesting of Benefits

Nothing in the Plan, nor anything in any benefit program, shall be construed as creating any vested rights to benefits in favor of any employee, former employee or covered person.

Waiver and Estoppel

No term, condition, or provision of this Plan or any benefit program shall be deemed to be waived, and there shall be no estoppel against enforcing any provision of the Plan or benefit program, except through a writing of the party to be charged by the waiver or estoppel. No such written waiver shall be deemed a continuing waiver unless explicitly made so, and shall operate only with regard to the specific term or condition waived, and shall not be deemed to waive such term or condition in the future, or as to any act other than as specifically waived. No covered person other than as named or described by class in the waiver shall be entitled to rely on the waiver for any purposes.

Effect on Other Benefit Plans

Amounts credited or paid under this Plan or any benefit program shall not be considered to be compensation for purposes of any benefit program hereunder or any qualified or nonqualified pension plan maintained by the Company unless expressly provided in such benefit program or qualified or nonqualified pension plan, as applicable, or if required by applicable law. The treatment of amounts paid under this Plan or any benefit program for purposes of any other employee benefit plan maintained by the Company shall be determined under the provisions of the applicable employee benefit plan.

Severability

If any provision of this Plan or any benefit program is held by a court of competent jurisdiction to be invalid or unenforceable, the remaining provisions hereof shall continue to be fully effective.

Rebates

In some situations, a rebate may be paid by an insurance company which provides coverage under the Plan. For example, a rebate may be provided under the Medical Loss Ratio ("MLR") rules, which are part of the Affordable Care Act. Except as specifically and unambiguously provided in a Benefit Description, or as otherwise required by applicable law, any rebate from any source will be:

- ☐ Considered an asset of the Company, not the Plan. The Company does not need to use such a rebate to benefit Employees, participants or beneficiaries. The Company can use such a rebate for the Company's own purposes
- ☒ An asset of the Plan in proportion to how much of the rebate relates to Employee, participant, or beneficiary contributions. The portion relating to Company contributions shall not be considered a Plan asset. The Company will have the ability to make certain assumptions or minor changes (such as rounding to the nearest \$1 or \$10) when determining the amount which is considered a plan asset. The Company shall have discretion to determine how to use all amounts. Amounts which are plan assets will be used to benefit individuals selected by the Company. This group of individuals may not be identical to the group which relates to the rebate. In addition, certain individuals can receive the rebate (or the benefit of the rebate) even if the rebate related to a different benefit, to the extent allowed by applicable law.
- ☐ The entire amount shall be an asset of the Plan, to be used for the benefit of individuals covered by the Plan.

In all situations where ERISA applies the use of any ERISA-covered plan assets will be governed by applicable law, including but not limited to U.S. Department of Labor Technical Release 2011-04.

Controlling Law

This Plan shall be administered, construed, and enforced according to the federal law and the laws of the State of California, to the extent not preempted by federal law. However, with respect to a fully-insured benefit program, the applicable insurance policy or contract will control with respect to which state's laws apply.

15. Benefit Program Information

Summary of Eligibility and Participation Provisions

Note: If you have any questions about eligibility or participation, contact the Plan Administrator

Benefit Program	Fully-insured or self-funded? if fully-insured, carrier name	Policy or Group #, if fully-insured	Who is eligible	When Participation begins	When Participation Ends¹	To File a Claim, Contact:
Cafeteria Plan (NON-ERISA)	<i>Premium conversion provisions of the Section 125 plan.</i>					
Medical / Dental	Fully-Insured / Aetna Insurance	143468	Full time employees working 30+ hours per week	Date of Hire	At the end of the month in which coverage is dropped or employment is terminated.	Aetna Medical: P.O Box 14079 Lexington, KY 40512-4079 (877) 204-9186 Aetna Dental: P.O. Box 14094 Lexington, KY 40512-4094 (877) 238-6200
Medical	Fully-Insured / Kaiser	717259	Full time employees working 30+ hours per week.	Date of Hire	At the end of the month in which coverage is dropped or employment is terminated.	Kaiser: (800) 464-4000

1) Other Events (such as fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact) can also terminate coverage – see the benefit program details.

2) The following benefit programs listed here for reference only are NOT subject to ERISA: Cafeteria plan, DCAP, Commuter, and Voluntary Legal.

Benefit Program	Fully-insured or self-funded? if fully-insured, carrier name	Policy or Group #, if fully-insured	Who is eligible	When Participation begins	When Participation Ends¹	To File a Claim, Contact:
Life/AD&D / LTD / STD	Fully-Insured / Prudential	71376	Full time employees working 30+ hours per week	Date of Hire	Date of Termination	Prudential: P.O. Box 101241 Atlanta, GA 30392-1241 (888) 598-5671
Employee Assistance Program	Fully-Insured / Aetna Resources for Living	922775	Full time employees working 30+ hours per week	Date of Hire	Date of Termination	Aetna Resources for Living: (800) 342-8111 (TTY: 711)
Voluntary Accident / Critical Illness / Hospital Indemnity	Fully-Insured / Prudential	71376	Full time employees working 30+ hours per week	Date of Hire	Date of Termination	Prudential: P.O. Box 696035 San Antonio, TX 78269 (844) 455-1002
Health FSA	Self-Funded	N/A	Full time employees working 30+ hours per week	Date of Hire	Immediately upon termination of employment. Continuation coverage usually is available unless Health FSA is "overspent"	Navia: P.O. Box 53250 Bellevue, WA 98015-3250 Employer: (425) 452-3491 Members: (425) 452-3490
Voluntary Legal (Non-ERISA)²	Fully-Insured / ARAG	18991	Full time employees working 30+ hours per week	Date of Hire	Date of Termination	ARAG: 500 Grande Ave. Suite 100 Des Moines, IA 50309 (800) 888-4184

1) Other Events (such as fraud or intentional misrepresentation of a material fact) can also terminate coverage – see the benefit program details.

2) The following benefit programs listed here for reference only are NOT subject to ERISA: Cafeteria plan, DCAP, and Commuter.

Appendix A: COBRA Continuation

How to Elect COBRA Coverage

Under COBRA, you have a limited number of days to elect continuation coverage. Your election window is determined by the plan and is calculated from the date your coverage under the plan is lost because of the event described above or the date this notice of your election rights is sent to you, whichever is later. To elect COBRA coverage, you must complete and submit the enclosed election form to Navia Benefit Solutions known as the Plan administrator, no later than the Election Period End date ("Last Day to Elect") listed on the enclosed COBRA Election Form. Failure to do so will result in loss of the right to elect COBRA coverage under the Plan. This same notice is being sent separately to your spouse, if any; however, only one of you needs to elect continuation coverage for your spouse and dependent child(ren), if any, who wish to continue coverage. Furthermore, because COBRA gives you the right to elect coverage independently, you, your spouse or dependent child(ren), if any, may elect single coverage and not include those individuals who do not wish to continue coverage.

In addition to COBRA coverage, other health coverage options may be available to you, such as coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace at www.healthcare.gov or 1-800-318-2596. You may also be eligible to enroll in coverage through Medicaid or another group health plan (like a spouse's plan), if you request enrollment within 30 days of the loss of coverage.

Payment of COBRA Coverage Premiums

The current amount of this premium and the due date for payment are explained in the enclosed COBRA Election Form. The premium may change in the future. We have used the information supplied by Blue River to calculate your maximum continuation period under the plan(s) you were insured prior to your qualifying event. If there is a discrepancy between our calculation and the underwriting insurance carrier, the insurance carrier always governs. Please contact your insurance carrier(s) to determine the exact end of your maximum continuation period.

Length of COBRA Coverage Period

If you and your spouse or dependent child(ren), if any, elect coverage, it can last for a maximum continuation period ("Last Day of COBRA") described in the enclosed COBRA Election Form beginning on the date of your qualifying event, or loss of coverage, whichever is later. The first day of COBRA coverage will be determined by the plan. If you elect COBRA, you may be able to extend the length of COBRA coverage if a qualified beneficiary is disabled, or if a second qualifying event occurs. You must notify the Plan Administrator of a disability or a second qualifying event within a certain time period to extend the period of COBRA coverage. If you don't provide notice of a disability or second qualifying event within the required time period, you will lose your right to extend the period of COBRA coverage. The period of COBRA coverage under the Health FSA cannot be extended under any circumstances. The continuation period may be extended for the following reasons:

1. Death of employee, divorce, legal separation or change in dependent status

If these events occur during the original maximum continuation period of COBRA coverage, the period of coverage for your spouse and dependent child(ren), if any, may be extended. These events extend the original maximum continuation period of COBRA coverage only if they would have caused your spouse or dependent child(ren), if any, to lose coverage under the plan if the

original qualifying event had not occurred. Note that to receive this extension, you and/or your spouse and dependent child(ren), must notify the Plan Administrator within 60 days of the occurrence of these events.

2. Medicare entitlement of employee

If you became entitled to Medicare BEFORE your qualifying event, COBRA laws allow you to remain eligible for up to 18 months of COBRA coverage. However, your spouse and dependent child(ren), if any, may receive extended COBRA coverage for up to the greater of either: (a) 36 months from the date of your Medicare entitlement; or (b) 18 months from the date of your qualifying event, or loss of coverage, whichever is later.

If you become entitled to Medicare AFTER your qualifying event but within the original maximum continuation period of your qualifying event, your spouse and dependent child(ren), if any, may receive an additional 18 months of COBRA coverage. Note that a person generally has become entitled to Medicare when he or she has applied for Social Security income payments or has filed an application for benefits under Part A or Part B of Medicare.

3. Disability determination

If any of the qualified beneficiaries is determined by the Social Security Administration to be disabled, the maximum COBRA coverage period that results from a covered employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours (generally 18 months, as described above) may be extended to a total of up to 29 months. The disability must have started at some time before the 61st day after the covered employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours and must last at least until the end of the period of COBRA coverage that would be available without the disability extension (generally 18 months, as described above). Each qualified beneficiary who has elected COBRA coverage will be entitled to the disability extension if one of them qualifies. The disability extension is available only if you notify the Plan Administrator in writing of the Social Security Administration's determination of disability within 60 days after the latest of:

- (1) the date of the Social Security Administration's disability determination;
- (2) the date of the covered employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours; and
- (3) the date on which the qualified beneficiary loses (or would lose) coverage under the terms of the Plan as a result of the covered employee's termination or reduction of hours.

You must also provide this notice within 18 months after the covered employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours in order to be entitled to a disability extension. If the notice is not provided to the Plan Administrator during the 60-day notice period and within 18 months after the covered employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours, then there will be no disability extension of COBRA coverage. If the qualified beneficiary is determined by the Social Security Administration to no longer be disabled, you must notify the Plan Administrator of that fact within 30 days after the Social Security Administration's determination

4. Bankruptcy filing

If the employer files for bankruptcy reorganization and retiree health coverage is lost within one year before or after

the bankruptcy filing, COBRA coverage could continue until the death of a retiree (or a surviving spouse of a

deceased retiree) or for 36 months from the retiree's death (after the bankruptcy filing) in the case of the spouse

and dependent child(ren).

Newborns and Adoptees

A child who is born to or placed for adoption with you during a period of COBRA coverage will be eligible to become covered under the plan. In accordance with the terms of the group health benefits plan and the requirements of Federal law, these qualified beneficiaries can be added to COBRA coverage upon proper notification to the Plan Administrator of the birth or adoption.

Early Termination of COBRA Coverage

COBRA coverage may terminate early if:

- (1) The required premium payment is not paid when due.
- (2) After the date of your COBRA election, you and your spouse or dependent child(ren), if any, become covered under another group health plan.
- (3) After the date of your COBRA election, you, your spouse or dependent child(ren), if any, become entitled to Medicare benefits.
- (4) All of the group health plans are terminated.
- (5) If coverage is extended an additional 11 months due to disability, a determination that the individual is no longer disabled.
- (6) COBRA coverage may also be terminated for any reason the plan would terminate coverage of a participant or beneficiary not receiving COBRA coverage (such as fraud).

Continuation coverage under COBRA is provided subject to your eligibility. The Plan Administrator reserves the right to terminate your COBRA coverage retroactively if you are determined to be ineligible for coverage. To be sure that you, your spouse and your dependent child(ren), if any, receive the necessary information concerning your rights, you should keep Navia Benefit Solutions informed of any address changes.

COBRA Continuation Coverage and Medicare

In general, if you do not enroll in Medicare Part A or B when first eligible because you are still employed, after the Medicare initial enrollment period, you have an 8 month special enrollment period to sign up for Medicare Part A or B, beginning on the earlier of

- The month after your employment ends; or
- The month after group health plan coverage based on current employment ends.

If you do not enroll in Medicare and elect COBRA continuation coverage instead, you may have to pay a Part B late enrollment penalty and have a gap in coverage if you want Part B later. If you elect COBRA continuation coverage and later enroll in Medicare Part A or B before COBRA continuation coverage ends, your continuation coverage may be terminated. However, if Medicare Part A or B is effective on or before the date of the COBRA election, COBRA

coverage may not be discontinued on account of Medicare entitlement, even if you enroll in the other part of Medicare after the date of the election of COBRA coverage.

If you sign up for COBRA continuation coverage, you can switch to a Marketplace plan during a Marketplace open enrollment period. You can also end your COBRA continuation coverage early and switch to a Marketplace plan if you have another qualifying event such as marriage or birth of a child through something called a "special enrollment period." If you terminate COBRA continuation early without another qualifying event, you'll have to wait to enroll in Marketplace coverage until the next open enrollment period and may be without health coverage in the interim. When you've exhausted COBRA continuation and the coverage expires, you'll be eligible to enroll in Marketplace coverage through a special enrollment period even if the Marketplace open enrollment has ended. If you sign up for Marketplace coverage instead of COBRA, you cannot switch to COBRA continuation coverage.

Please be advised of your right to obtain a copy of the Summary Plan Description (SPD) for your group health plan by contacting Human Resources at (408) 461-9606. The SPD contains a complete description of your benefits.

This notice is a summary of your COBRA rights. For answers to specific questions, please contact our Customer Service Department at (425) 452-3490 during business hours.

Sincerely,

Navia Benefit Solutions

Cal-COBRA Continuation Coverage for Certain California Insured Plans

Insured medical plans with Contracts based in California are required to offer COBRA-qualified beneficiaries who are enrolled in their plans and exhaust their 18 or 29 months of federal COBRA an additional period of continuation coverage for a combined total of 36 months of continuation coverage from the date federal COBRA began. The premium charged for this additional coverage (after the maximum COBRA period has expired) will generally be 110% of the current premium rate. Contact your insurance carrier for further information on Cal-COBRA. Your insurance carrier will be able to supply you with further information regarding how to enroll, deadlines for enrollment, premium amounts, and deadlines for submitting premiums.

Appendix B: Medicare Part D

Medicare Part D Notice Important Notice from Blue River Technology About Your Prescription Drug Coverage and Medicare

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with Blue River Technology and about your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not you want to join a Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining, you should compare your current coverage, including which drugs are covered at what cost, with the coverage and costs of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage is at the end of this notice.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

1. Medicare prescription drug coverage became available in 2006 to everyone with Medicare. You can get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan (like an HMO or PPO) that offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.
 2. Blue River Technology has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan is, on average for all plan participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare drug plan.
-

When Can You Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You can join a Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each year from October 15th to December 7th.

However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage, through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two (2) month Special Enrollment Period (SEP) to join a Medicare drug plan.

What Happens To Your Current Coverage If You Decide to Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

If you decide to join a Medicare drug plan, your Blue River Technology coverage will not be affected. See below for more information about what happens to your current coverage if you join a Medicare drug plan.

Since the existing prescription drug coverage under Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan is creditable (e.g., as good as Medicare coverage), you can retain your existing prescription drug coverage and choose not to enroll in a Part D plan; or you can enroll in a Part D plan as a supplement to, or in lieu of, your existing prescription drug coverage.

If you do decide to join a Medicare drug plan and drop your Blue River Technology prescription drug coverage, be aware that you and your dependents can only get this coverage back at open enrollment or if you experience an event that gives rise to a HIPAA Special Enrollment Right.

When Will You Pay A Higher Premium (Penalty) To Join A Medicare Drug Plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with Blue River Technology and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go nineteen months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following October to join.

For More Information About This Notice Or Your Current Prescription Drug Coverage...

Contact the person listed below for further information. NOTE: You'll get this notice each year. You will also get it before the next period you can join a Medicare drug plan, and if this coverage through Blue River Technology changes. You also may request a copy of this notice at any time.

For More Information About Your Options Under Medicare Prescription Drug Coverage...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the "Medicare & You" handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- Visit [medicare.gov](https://www.medicare.gov)
- Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the "Medicare & You" handbook for their telephone number) for personalized help
- Call 800-MEDICARE (800-633-4227). TTY users should call 877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and resources, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about this extra help, visit Social Security on the web at [socialsecurity.gov](https://www.socialsecurity.gov), or call them at 800-772-1213 (TTY 800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

Date:	1/1/2024
Name of Entity/Sender:	Blue River Technology
Contact-Position/Office:	Human Resources
Address:	3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, 95054
Phone Number:	(408) 461-9606

Appendix C: Cafeteria Plan and FSA Provisions

Please refer to FSA SPD which starts on the next page.

Blue River Technology

Blue River
Technology
3303 Scott Blvd.
Santa Clara,
CA 95054

Blue River Technology FSA Plan

Summary Plan Description

Effective January 01, 2022

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INTRODUCTION

Blue River Technology Blue River Technology FSA Plan

The Company's Flexible Benefit Plan ("Plan") has been established to allow Eligible Employees to pay for certain benefits on a pre-tax basis. There are specific benefits that you may elect, and they are outlined in this Summary Plan Description. You will also be informed about other important information concerning the Plan, such as the conditions you must satisfy before you can join and the laws that protect your rights.

Read this Summary Plan Description ("SPD") carefully so that you understand the provisions of the Plan and the benefits you will receive. This SPD describes the Plan's benefits and obligations as contained in the Plan document, which governs the operation of the Plan. The Plan document is written in much more technical language. Please note that if the non-technical language in this SPD and the legal language of the Plan document conflict, the Plan document will always govern the Plan. Also, if there is a conflict between any of the insurance contracts and either the Plan document or this Summary Plan Description, the insurance contracts will control the respective insurance policies. If you wish to receive a copy of the legal Plan document, please contact the Plan Administrator.

The Plan is subject to the Internal Revenue Code and other federal and state laws and regulations that may affect your rights under this plan. This SPD explains the current details of the Plan in order to comply with all applicable legal requirements. From time to time, the Plan may be revised due to a change in laws or due to pronouncements by the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) or other federal agencies. This Plan may be amended or terminated by the Company. If the Plan is ever amended or changed, the Company will notify you.

This SPD was designed to provide you with information regarding the Company Flexible Benefit Plan. If this SPD does not answer all of your questions, please contact the Administrator (or other assigned person). The name and address of the Administrator can be found in the Article of this SPD entitled "General Information About our Plan."

I. ARTICLE - ELIGIBILITY

01. How can I participate in the Plan?

Before you can become a Participant in the Plan, there are certain conditions that you must satisfy. First, you must be an active employee working 30 or more hours per week or 130 hours per month and meet the eligibility requirements.

After that, you must enroll in the Plan on the "entry date" that has been established for all employees. The "entry date" is defined in Question 3 below. However, in certain limited situations, you may enroll in the Plan at other times as well. See the Article titled: "Contributions".

02. What are the eligibility requirements for our Plan?

You will be eligible to join the Plan once you have satisfied the conditions for coverage under our group medical plan and the other eligibility requirements established by your employer as defined in section 1.

03. When can I enter the plan?

You can enter the Plan on the same day you can enter our group medical plan.

04. How do I enroll in the Plan?

Before you can join the Plan, you must complete an enrollment form. The enrollment form will allow you to select which benefits you want to participate in under the Plan. This form will also authorize the Company to redirect some of your earnings in order to pay for the benefits you select.

However, if you are already covered under any of the insured benefits, you will automatically participate in this Plan to the extent of your premiums unless you elect not to participate in this Plan. These benefits are listed in the Article titled: "Benefits".

II. ARTICLE - OPERATION

01. How does this Plan operate?

Before the start of each Plan Year, you will be able to elect to have some of your earnings contributed to the Plan. These amounts will be used to pay for the benefits you have chosen. The portion of your earnings that is paid to the Plan is not subject to Federal income or Social Security taxes. In other words, this allows you to use tax-free dollars to pay for certain kinds of benefits and expenses that you normally pay for with out-of-pocket, taxable dollars. However, if you receive a reimbursement for an expense under this Plan, you cannot claim a Federal income tax credit or deduction on your return. Participation in this plan is completely voluntary.

III. ARTICLE - CONTRIBUTIONS; ELECTIONS

01. How much of my pay may the Employer redirect?

Each year, we will automatically contribute on your behalf enough of your compensation to pay for the insurance coverage provided unless you elect not to receive any or all of such coverage. You may also elect to have us contribute on your behalf enough of your compensation to pay for any other benefits that you elect under the Plan. These amounts will be deducted from your pay over the course of the year on a per payroll basis.

02. What happens to contributions made to the Plan?

Prior to the Plan start date each year, you must decide on the amount of pre-tax dollars you want to contribute to the Plan. It is very important that you make these choices carefully based on what you expect to spend on each covered benefit or expense during the Plan Year. Later, those dollars will be used to pay those expenses as they arise during the Plan Year. In addition, you should also note that any previous benefit payments made from any Account under the Plan that are unclaimed (e.g., uncashed benefit checks) at the end of the Plan Year following the period of coverage in which the qualifying expense was incurred will be forfeited to the Employer.

For information regarding the administration of contributions in specific accounts under this Plan, please refer to the Article titled: "Benefits".

03. When must I decide which accounts I want to use?

You are required by Federal regulations to decide during the enrollment or election period (defined below) prior to the Plan Year start. You must decide which accounts you want and how much you want to contribute to each account.

If you are already covered by any of the insured benefits offered by this Plan, you will automatically become a Participant to the extent of the premiums for such insurance, unless you elect during the election period (defined below) not to participate in the Plan.

04. When is the election period for our Plan?

You will make your initial election on or before your entry date. (Please review the Article titled: "Eligibility" to better understand the eligibility requirements and entry date.) Then, for each following Plan Year, the election period is established by the Company and applied uniformly to all Participants. It will normally be a period of time prior to the beginning of each Plan Year. The Company will inform you each year about the election period. (See the Article entitled "General Information About Our Plan" for the definition of Plan Year.)

05. May I change my elections during the Plan Year?

Generally, you cannot change the elections you have made after the beginning of the Plan Year. However, there are certain limited situations when you can change your elections.

You are permitted to change elections if you have a "change in status" and you make an election change that is consistent with the change in status. Currently, Federal law considers the following events to be a change in status:

Marriage, divorce, death of a spouse, legal separation or annulment;

Change in the number of dependents, including birth, adoption, placement for adoption, or death of a dependent;

Any of the following events for you, your spouse or dependent: termination or commencement of employment, a strike or lockout, commencement or return from an unpaid leave of absence, a change in worksite, or any other change in employment status that affects eligibility for benefits;

One of your dependents satisfies or ceases to satisfy the requirements for coverage due to change in age, student status, or any similar circumstance; and

A change in the place of residence of you, your spouse or dependent that would lead to a change in status, such as moving out of a coverage area for insurance.

In addition, if you are participating in the Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account, then there is a change in status if your dependent no longer meets the qualifications to be eligible for dependent care.

There are detailed rules on when a change in election is deemed to be consistent with a change in status. In addition, there are laws that give you certain other rights to change health coverage for you, your spouse, or your dependents. If you change coverage due to rights you have under the

law, then you can make a corresponding change in your elections under the Plan. If any of these conditions apply to you, you should contact the Administrator.

If the cost of a benefit provided under the Plan increases or decreases during a Plan Year, then we will automatically increase or decrease, as the case may be, your salary redirection election. If the cost increases significantly, you will be permitted to either make corresponding changes in your payments or revoke your election and obtain coverage under another benefit package option with similar coverage, or revoke your election entirely.

If the coverage under a Benefit is significantly curtailed or ceases during a Plan Year, then you may revoke your elections and elect to receive on a prospective basis coverage under another plan with similar coverage. In addition, if the Company adds a new coverage option or eliminates an existing option, you may elect the newly-added option (or elect another option if an option has been eliminated) and make corresponding election changes to other options providing similar coverage. If you are not a Participant, you may elect to join the Plan. There are also certain situations when you may be able to change your elections on account of a change under the plan of your spouse, former spouse or dependent's employer.

These rules on change due to cost or coverage do not apply to the Health Flexible Spending Account, and you may not change your election to the Health Flexible Spending Account if you make a change due to cost or coverage for insurance.

You may not change your election under the Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account if the cost change is imposed by a dependent care provider who is your relative.

06. May I make new elections in future Plan Years?

Yes. For each new Plan Year, you may change the elections that you previously made. You may also choose not to participate in the Plan for the upcoming Plan Year. If you do not make new elections during the election period before a new Plan Year begins, the Company will assume you want your elections for insured benefits only to remain the same and you will not be considered a Participant for the non-insured benefit options under the Plan for the upcoming Plan Year.

IV. ARTICLE - BENEFITS

01. What benefits are offered under the Plan?

You may choose to receive your entire compensation or use a portion to pay for benefits under this plan.

02. Health Flexible Spending Account

The Health Flexible Spending Account enables you to pay for expenses allowed under Sections 105 and 213(d) of the Internal Revenue Code and that are not covered by our insured medical plan, and to save taxes at the same time. The Health Flexible Spending Account allows you to be reimbursed by the Employer for out-of-pocket medical, dental and/or vision expenses incurred by you and your dependents.

Drug costs, including insulin, may be reimbursed. You may not, however, be reimbursed for the cost of other health care coverage maintained outside of the Plan, or for long-term care expenses. A list of covered expenses is available from the Administrator.

The most that you can contribute to your Health Flexible Spending Account for the Plan Year is \$2,750.00. The maximum limit may increase from year-to-year pursuant to Section 125(i)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code. In addition, you may carry over any amount left in your account up to

\$550.00. The maximum limit may increase from year-to-year as provided under IRS Notice 2020- 33 and Section 125(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. This amount can be used the following Plan year to pay for eligible expenses.

In order to be reimbursed for a health care expense, you must submit to the Administrator an itemized bill from the service provider. The Company will also provide you with a debit card to use to pay for qualified medical expenses. The Administrator will provide you with further details about the debit card. Amounts reimbursed from the Plan may not be claimed as a deduction on your personal income tax return. As required by law, reimbursement from the fund shall be paid at least once a month. Expenses under this Plan are treated as being "incurred" when you are provided with the care that gives rise to the expenses, not when you are formally billed or charged, or you pay for the medical care.

You may be reimbursed for expenses for any child until the end of the calendar year in which the child reaches age 26. A "child" is a natural child, stepchild, foster child, adopted child, or a child placed with you for adoption. If a child gains or regains eligibility due to these new rules, that qualifies as a change in status for purposes of coverage changes.

Newborns' and Mothers' Health Protection Act: Group health plans generally may not, under Federal law, restrict benefits for any hospital length of stay in connection with childbirth for the mother or newborn child to less than 48 hours following a vaginal delivery, or less than 96 hours following a cesarean section. However, Federal law generally does not prohibit the mother's or newborn's attending provider, after consulting with the mother, from discharging the mother or her newborn earlier than 48 hours (or 96 hours as applicable). In any case, plans and issuers may not, under Federal law, require that a provider obtain authorization from the plan or the issuer for prescribing a length of stay not in excess of 48 hours (or 96 hours).

Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act: This plan, as required by the Women's Health and Cancer Rights Act of 1998, will reimburse up to plan limits for benefits for mastectomy-related services including reconstruction and surgery to achieve symmetry between the breasts, prostheses, and complications resulting from a mastectomy (including lymphedema). Contact your Plan Administrator for more information.

03. Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account

The Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account enables you to pay for out-of-pocket, work-related dependent day-care costs with pre-tax dollars. If you are married, you can use the account if you and your spouse both work or, in some situations, if your spouse goes to school full-time. Single employees can also use the account.

The most that you can contribute to your Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account for the Plan Year is \$5,000.00.

- a. A Dependent (Day) Care Center, provided that if care is provided by the facility for more than six individuals, the facility complies with applicable state and local laws;
- b. An Educational Institution for pre-school children. For older children, only expenses for non- school care are eligible; and
- c. An "Individual" who provides care inside or outside your home: The "Individual" may not be a child of yours under age 19 or anyone you claim as a dependent for Federal tax purposes.

You should make sure that the dependent care expenses you are currently paying qualify under our Plan.

The law places limits on the amount of money that can be paid to you in a calendar year from your Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account. Generally, your reimbursements may not exceed the lesser of: (a) \$5,000.00 (if you are married filing a joint return or you are head of a household) or

\$2,500 (if you are married filing separate returns); (b) your taxable compensation; (c) your spouse's actual or deemed annual earned income (a spouse who is a full time student or incapable of caring for himself/herself has a deemed monthly earned income of \$250 for one dependent or

\$500 for two or more dependents).

Also, in order to be able to exclude from your income the reimbursements made to you from this account, you must provide on your tax form for the year the name, address, and in most cases, the taxpayer identification number of the service provider, as well as the amount of such expense. In addition, Federal tax laws permit a tax credit for certain dependent care expenses you may be paying even if you are not a Participant in this Plan. You may save more money if you take advantage of this tax credit rather than using the Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account under our Plan. Consult with your tax adviser for further information.

04. Premium Expense Account

A Premium Expense Account allows you to use tax-free dollars to pay for certain premium expenses under various group insurance programs the Company offers you. These premium expenses include:

Health care premiums under our insured group medical plan
Dental insurance premiums
Vision insurance premiums

Under this Plan, the Company will allocate the pre-tax premium withholding to the accounts established under the Plan pursuant to the Participants' elections. Certain limits on the amount of coverage that can be paid through pre-tax premiums may apply.

The Company may terminate or modify Plan benefits at any time, subject to the provisions of any insurance contracts providing benefits described above. The Company will not be liable to you if an insurance company fails to provide any of the benefits described above. Also, your insurance will end when you leave employment, are no longer eligible under the terms of any insurance policies, or when insurance terminates.

Any benefits to be provided by insurance will be provided only after (1) you have provided the Administrator the necessary information to apply for insurance, and (2) the insurance is in effect for you.

If you cover your children up to age 26 under your insurance, you can pay for that coverage through the Plan.

V. ARTICLE - BENEFIT PAYMENTS

01. When will I receive payments from my accounts?

During the course of the Plan Year, you may submit requests for reimbursement of expenses you have incurred. Expenses are considered "incurred" when the service is performed, not necessarily when it is paid for. The Administrator will provide you with acceptable forms for submitting these requests for reimbursement. If the request qualifies as a benefit or expense that the Plan has agreed to pay, you will receive a reimbursement payment soon thereafter. Remember, these reimbursements which are made from the Plan are generally not subject to federal income tax or withholding. Nor are they subject to Social Security taxes. Requests for payment of insured benefits should be made directly to the insurer. You will only be reimbursed from the Health Flexible Spending Account or Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account to the extent that there are sufficient funds in the Account to cover your request.

02. What happens if I don't spend all Plan contributions during the Plan Year?

If you have unused contributions in your account at the end of the current Plan Year, those monies will be forfeited to the Employer. Obviously, qualifying expenses that you incur late in the Plan Year for which you seek reimbursement after the end of such Plan Year will be paid first before any amount is forfeited.

At the end of the Plan Year, and after all eligible reimbursements have been made, any unused funds up to \$550.00 in your Health Flexible Spending Account will roll over into the new Plan Year. The maximum limit may increase from year-to-year as provided under IRS Notice 2020-33 and Section 125(i) of the Internal Revenue Code. Any unused funds left in the account in excess of maximum limit will be forfeited. For the Health Flexible Spending Account, you must submit claims no later than 90 days after the end of the Plan Year.

For the Dependent Care Flexible Spending Account, you must submit claims no later than 90 days after the end of the Plan Year.

Because it is possible that you might forfeit amounts in the Plan if you do not fully use the contributions that have been made, it is important that you decide how much to place in each account carefully and conservatively. Remember, you must decide which benefits you want to contribute to and how much to place in each account before the Plan Year begins. You want to be as certain as you can that the amount you decide to place in each account will be used up entirely.

03. Family and Medical Leave Act (FMLA)

If you take a leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act, you may continue, revoke or change your existing elections for health insurance and the Health Flexible Spending Account. If your coverage for these benefits terminates, due to your revocation of the benefit to your non-payment of contributions, you will be permitted to reinstate coverage for the remaining part of the Plan Year upon your return. You can resume your coverage at its original level and make payments for the time that you are on leave. For example, if you elect \$1,200 for the year and

are out on leave for 3 months, then return and elect to resume your coverage at that level, your remaining payments will be increased to cover the difference – for example, from \$100 per month to \$150 per month, etc. Alternatively your maximum amount will be reduced proportionately for the time that you were gone. For example, if you elect \$1,200 for the year and are out on leave for 3 months, your amount will be reduced to \$900. The expenses you incur during the time you are not in the Health Flexible Spending Account are not reimbursable.

If you continue your coverage during your unpaid leave, you may pre-pay for the coverage, you may pay for your coverage on an after-tax basis while you are on leave, or you and your Employer may arrange a schedule for you to "catch up" your payments when you return.

04. Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA)

If you are going into or returning from military service, you may have special rights to health care coverage through your Health Flexible Spending Account under the Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act of 1994. These rights can include extended health care coverage. If you may be affected, ask your Administrator for further details.

05. What happens if my employment terminates?

If you terminate employment during the Plan Year, your right to benefits will be determined in the following manner:

a. You will remain covered by insurance, but only for the period for which premiums have been paid prior to your termination of employment.

b. You will still be able to request reimbursement for qualifying dependent care expenses up to

0 days after the end of the Plan Year from the balance remaining in your Dependent Care Account at the time of termination of employment. However, no further salary redirection contributions will be made on your behalf after termination.

c. For health benefit coverage and Health Flexible Spending Account coverage on termination of employment, please see the Article entitled "Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA." Upon your termination of employment, your participation in the Health Flexible Spending Account will cease, and no further salary redirection contributions will be contributed on your behalf. However, you will be able to submit, within 0 days after the end of the Plan Year, claims for health care expenses that were incurred before the end of the period for which

payments to the Health Flexible Spending Account have already been made. Your further participation will be governed by "Continuation Coverage Rights Under COBRA."

06. Will my Social Security benefits be affected?

Your Social Security benefits may be slightly reduced because when you receive tax-free benefits under our Plan, it reduces the amount of contributions that you make to the Federal Social Security system as well as the Company contributions to Social Security on your behalf.

VI. ARTICLE - HIGHLY COMPENSATED AND KEY EMPLOYEES

01. Do limitations apply to highly compensated employees?

Under the Internal Revenue Code, highly compensated employees and key employees generally are Participants who are officers, shareholders or are highly paid. You will be notified by the Administrator each Plan Year whether you are a highly compensated employee or a key employee.

If you are within these categories, the amount of contributions and benefits for you may be limited so that the Plan as a whole does not unfairly favor those who are highly paid, their spouses or their dependents. Federal tax laws state that a plan will be considered to unfairly favor the key employees if they as a group receive more than 25% of all of the nontaxable benefits provided for under our Plan.

Plan experience will dictate whether contribution limitations on highly compensated employees or key employees will apply. You will be notified of these limitations if you are affected.

VII. ARTICLE - PLAN ACCOUNTING

01. Periodic Statements

Periodically during the Plan Year, the Administrator will provide you with a statement of your account that shows your account balance. It is important to read these statements carefully so you understand the balance remaining to pay for a benefit. Remember, you want to spend all the money you have designated for a particular benefit by the end of the Plan Year.

VIII. ARTICLE - GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT OUR PLAN

This Section contains certain general information which you may need to know about the Plan.

1. General Plan Information

Blue River Technology FSA Plan is the name of the Plan. Your Employer has assigned Plan Number 501 to your Plan.

The company has adopted this Plan effective January 01, 2022

Your Plan's records are maintained on a twelve-month period of time known as the Plan Year. The Plan Year begins on January 01 and ends on December 31.

2. Employer Information

Your Employer's name, address, and tax identification number are: Blue River Technology
Human Resources

3303 Scott Blvd.

Santa Clara, CA 95054

(408) 461-9606

FEIN: 45-2442141

3. Plan Administrator Information

The name and address of your Plan's Administrator are: Blue River Technology
3303 Scott Blvd.

Santa Clara, CA 95054

(408) 461-9606

The Administrator keeps the records for the Plan and is responsible for the administration of the Plan. The Administrator will also answer any questions you may have about our Plan. You may contact the Administrator for any further information about the Plan.

4. Agent for Service of Legal Process

Should it ever be necessary, you or your personal representative may serve legal process on the agent for service of legal process for the Plan. The Plan's Agent of Service is:

Blue River Technology 3303 Scott Blvd.

Santa Clara, CA 95054

(408) 461-9606

5. Type of Administration

The type of Administration is Employer Administration.

6. Claims Submission

Claims for expenses should be submitted to: Navia Benefit Solutions

PO Box 53250

Bellevue, WA 98015

IX. ARTICLE - ADDITIONAL PLAN INFORMATION

01. Your Rights Under ERISA

As a participant in the Plan, you are entitled to certain rights and protections under the Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 (ERISA) and the Internal Revenue Code. These laws provide that Participants, eligible employees and all other employees are entitled to:

- a. examine, without charge, at the Plan Administrator's office, all Plan documents, including insurance contracts, collective bargaining agreements, and a copy of the latest annual report (Form 5500 Series) filed by the Plan with the U.S. Department of Labor (also available at the Public Disclosure Room of the Employee Benefits Security Administration);
- b. obtain copies of all documents that govern the operations of the Plan, and other Plan information, upon written request to the Administrator. The Administrator may charge a reasonable fee for copies;
- c. continue health coverage for yourself, Spouse, or other dependents if there is a loss of coverage under the Plan as a result of a qualifying event. You or your dependents may have to pay for such coverage; and
- d. review this summary plan description and the documents governing COBRA continuation rights under the Plan.

In addition to creating rights for Plan Participants, ERISA imposes duties upon the people who are responsible for the operation of the Plan. The people who operate your Plan, who are called "fiduciaries" of the Plan, have a duty to do so prudently and in the best interest of you and the other Plan Participants and beneficiaries.

No one, including your employer or any other person, may fire you or otherwise discriminate against you in any way to prevent you from obtaining a benefit or exercising your rights under ERISA.

If your claim for a benefit is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you have a right to know why this was done, to obtain copies of documents relating to the decision without charge, and to appeal any denial, all within certain time schedules.

If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court. In addition, if you disagree with the Plan's decision or lack thereof concerning the qualified status of a medical child support order, you may file suit in Federal court.

Under ERISA there are steps you can take to enforce the above rights. For instance, if you request materials from the Plan and do not receive them within thirty (30) days, you may file suit in a Federal court. In such a case, the court may request the Administrator to provide the materials and pay you up to \$110 a day until you receive the materials, unless the materials were not sent because of reasons beyond the control of the Administrator. If you have a claim for benefits which is denied or ignored, in whole or in part, you may file suit in a state or Federal court.

If it should happen that Plan fiduciaries misuse the Plan's money, or if you are discriminated against for asserting your rights, you may seek assistance from the U.S. Department of Labor, or you may file suit in a Federal court. The court will decide who should pay court costs and legal fees. If you are successful, the court may order the person you have sued to pay these costs and fees. If you lose, the court may order you to pay these costs and fees; for example, if it finds your claim is frivolous.

If you have any questions about the Plan, you should contact the Administrator. If you have any questions about this statement, or about your rights under ERISA or the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), or if you need assistance in obtaining documents from the Administrator, you should contact either the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA) or visit the EBSA website at www.dol.gov/ebsa/. (Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website.) You may also obtain certain publications about your rights and responsibilities under ERISA by calling the publications hotline of the Employee Benefits Security Administration.

02. Claims Process

It is recommended that you submit all reimbursement claims during the Plan Year. For information on how claims will be processed at the end of the Plan Year, please refer to the Article titled: "Benefit Payments".

Claims for insured benefits will be handled in accordance with procedures contained in the insurance policies. All other general requests should be directed to the Administrator of our Plan. If

a dependent care claim under the Plan is denied in whole or in part, you or your beneficiary will receive written notification. The notification will include the reasons for the denial, with reference to the specific provisions of the Plan on which the denial was based, a description of any additional information needed to process the claim and an explanation of the claims review procedure.

Within 60 days after denial, you or your beneficiary may submit to the Administrator a written request for reconsideration of the denial.

Any such request should be accompanied by documents or records in support of your appeal. You or your beneficiary may review pertinent documents and submit issues and comments in writing. The Administrator will review the claim and provide, within 60 days, a written response to the appeal. (This period may be extended an additional 60 days under certain circumstances.) In this response, the Administrator will explain the reason for the decision, with specific reference to the provisions of the Plan on which the decision is based. The Administrator has the exclusive right to interpret the appropriate plan provisions. Decisions of the Administrator are conclusive and binding.

In the case of a claim for medical expenses under the Health Flexible Spending Account, the following timetable for claims applies:

Notification of whether claim is accepted or denied 30 days
Extension due to matters beyond the control of the Plan 15 days

Insufficient information on the claim:

Notification of 15 days

Response by Participant 45 days

Review of claim denial 60 days

The Plan Administrator will provide written or electronic notification of any claim denial. The notice will state:

- a. The specific reason or reasons for the denial;
- b. Reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the denial was based;
- c. A description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;
- d. A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures. This will include a statement of your right to bring a civil action under section 502 of ERISA following a denial on review;
- e. A statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim; and
- f. If the denial was based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion was relied upon in making the denial and a copy will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.

When you receive a denial, you will have 180 days following receipt of the notification in which to appeal the decision. You may submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim. If you request, you will be provided, free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim.

The period of time within which a denial on review is required to be made will begin at the time an appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan. This timing is without regard to whether all the necessary information accompanies the filing.

A document, record, or other information shall be considered relevant to a claim if it:

- a. was relied upon in making the claim determination;

- b. was submitted, considered, or generated in the course of making the claim determination, without regard to whether it was relied upon in making the claim determination;
- c. demonstrated compliance with the administrative processes and safeguards designed to ensure and to verify that claim determinations are made in accordance with Plan documents and Plan provisions have been applied consistently with respect to all claimants; or
- d. constituted a statement of policy or guidance with respect to the Plan concerning the denied claim.

The review will take into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial claim determination. The review will not afford deference to the initial denial and will be conducted by a fiduciary of the Plan who is neither the individual who made the adverse determination nor a subordinate of that individual.

03. Qualified Medical Child Support Order

A medical child support order is a judgment, decree or order (including approval of a property settlement) made under state law that provides for child support or health coverage for the child of a participant. The child becomes an "alternate recipient" and can receive benefits under the health plans of the Employer, if the order is determined to be "qualified." You may obtain, without charge, a copy of the procedures governing the determination of qualified medical child support orders from the Plan Administrator.

X. ARTICLE - CONTINUATION COVERAGE RIGHTS UNDER COBRA

Under the federal Consolidated Omnibus Budget Reconciliation Act of 1985 (COBRA), certain employees and their families covered under health benefits under this Plan will be entitled to the opportunity to elect a temporary extension of health coverage (called "COBRA continuation coverage") beyond the time when coverage under the Plan would otherwise end. This notice is intended to inform Plan Participants and beneficiaries, in summary fashion, of their rights and obligations under the continuation coverage provisions of COBRA, as amended and reflected in final and proposed regulations published by the Department of the Treasury. This notice is intended to reflect the law and does not grant or take away any rights under the law.

The Plan Administrator or its designee is responsible for administering COBRA continuation coverage. Complete instructions on COBRA, as well as election forms and other information,

will be provided by the Plan Administrator or its designee to Plan Participants who become Qualified Beneficiaries under COBRA. While the Plan itself is not a group health plan, it does provide health benefits. Whenever "Plan" is used in this section, it means any of the health benefits under this Plan including the Health Flexible Spending Account.

01. What is COBRA continuation coverage?

COBRA continuation coverage is the temporary extension of group health plan coverage that must be offered to certain Plan Participants and their eligible family members (called "Qualified Beneficiaries") at group rates. The right to COBRA continuation coverage is triggered by the occurrence of a life event that results in the loss of coverage under the terms of the Plan (the "Qualifying Event"). The coverage must be identical to the coverage that the Qualified Beneficiary had immediately before the Qualifying Event, or if the coverage has been changed, the coverage must be identical to the coverage provided to similarly situated active employees who have not experienced a Qualifying Event (in other words, similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries).

02. Who can become a Qualified Beneficiary?

In general, a Qualified Beneficiary can be:

a. Any individual who, on the day before a Qualifying Event, is covered under a Plan by virtue of being on that day either a covered Employee, the Spouse of a covered Employee, or a Dependent child of a covered Employee. If, however, an individual who otherwise qualifies as a Qualified Beneficiary is denied or not offered coverage under the Plan under circumstances in which the denial or failure to offer constitutes a violation of applicable law, then the individual will be considered to have had the coverage and will be considered a Qualified Beneficiary if that individual experiences a Qualifying Event.

b. Any child who is born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage, and any individual who is covered by the Plan as an alternate recipient under a qualified medical support order. If, however, an individual who otherwise qualifies as a Qualified Beneficiary is denied or not offered coverage under the Plan under circumstances in which the denial or failure to offer constitutes a violation of applicable law, then the individual will be considered to have had the coverage and will be considered a Qualified Beneficiary if that individual experiences a Qualifying Event.

The term "covered Employee" includes any individual who is provided coverage under the Plan due to his or her performance of services for the employer sponsoring the Plan. However, this provision does not establish eligibility of these individuals. Eligibility for Plan coverage shall be determined in accordance with Plan Eligibility provisions.

An individual is not a Qualified Beneficiary if the individual's status as a covered Employee is attributable to a period in which the individual was a nonresident alien who received from the individual's Employer no earned income that constituted income from sources within the United States. If, on account of the preceding reason, an individual is not a Qualified Beneficiary, then a Spouse or Dependent child of the individual will also not be considered a Qualified Beneficiary by virtue of the relationship to the individual. A domestic partner is not a Qualified Beneficiary.

Each Qualified Beneficiary (including a child who is born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage) must be offered the opportunity to make an independent election to receive COBRA continuation coverage.

03. What is a Qualifying Event?

A Qualifying Event is any of the following if the Plan provides that the Plan participant will lose coverage (i.e., cease to be covered under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the Qualifying Event) in the absence of COBRA continuation coverage:

- a. The death of a covered Employee.
- b. The termination (other than by reason of the Employee's gross misconduct), or reduction of hours, of a covered Employee's employment.
- c. The divorce or legal separation of a covered Employee from the Employee's Spouse. If the Employee reduces or eliminates the Employee's Spouse's Plan coverage in anticipation of a divorce or legal separation, and a divorce or legal separation later occurs, then the divorce or legal separation may be considered a Qualifying Event even though the Spouse's coverage was reduced or eliminated before the divorce or legal separation.
- d. A covered Employee's enrollment in any part of the Medicare program.
- e. A Dependent child's ceasing to satisfy the Plan's requirements for a Dependent child (for example, attainment of the maximum age for dependency under the Plan).

If the Qualifying Event causes the covered Employee, or the covered Spouse or a Dependent child of the covered Employee, to cease to be covered under the Plan under the same terms and conditions as in effect immediately before the Qualifying Event, the persons losing such coverage become Qualified Beneficiaries under COBRA if all the other conditions of COBRA are also met. For example, any increase in contribution that must be paid by a covered Employee, or the Spouse, or a Dependent child of the covered Employee, for coverage under the Plan that results from the occurrence of one of the events listed above is a loss of coverage.

The taking of leave under the Family and Medical Leave Act of 1993 ("FMLA") does not constitute a Qualifying Event. A Qualifying Event will occur, however, if an Employee does not return to employment at the end of the FMLA leave and all other COBRA continuation coverage conditions are present. If a Qualifying Event occurs, it occurs on the last day of FMLA leave and the applicable maximum coverage period is measured from this date (unless coverage is lost at a later date and the Plan provides for the extension of the required periods, in which case the maximum coverage date is measured from the date when the coverage is lost.) Note that the covered Employee and family members will be entitled to COBRA continuation coverage even if they failed to pay the employee portion of premiums for coverage under the Plan during the FMLA leave.

04. What factors should be considered when determining to elect COBRA continuation coverage?

You should take into account that a failure to continue your group health coverage will affect your rights under federal law. You should be aware that you have special enrollment rights under federal law (HIPAA). You have the right to request special enrollment in another group health plan for which you are otherwise eligible (such as a plan sponsored by your Spouse's employer) within 30 days after Plan coverage ends due to a Qualifying Event listed above. You will also have the same special right at the end of COBRA continuation coverage if you get COBRA continuation coverage for the maximum time available to you.

05. What is the procedure for obtaining COBRA continuation coverage?

The Plan has conditioned the availability of COBRA continuation coverage upon the timely election of such coverage. An election is timely if it is made during the election period.

06. What is the election period and how long must it last?

The election period is the time period within which the Qualified Beneficiary must elect COBRA continuation coverage under the Plan. The election period must begin no later than the date the Qualified Beneficiary would lose coverage on account of the Qualifying Event and ends 60 days after the later of the date the Qualified Beneficiary would lose coverage on account of the Qualifying Event or the date notice is provided to the Qualified Beneficiary of her or his right to elect COBRA continuation coverage. If coverage is not elected within the 60 day period, all rights to elect COBRA continuation coverage are forfeited.

07. Is a covered Employee or Qualified Beneficiary responsible for informing the Plan Administrator of the occurrence of a Qualifying Event?

The Plan will offer COBRA continuation coverage to Qualified Beneficiaries only after the Plan Administrator or its designee has been timely notified that a Qualifying Event has occurred. The Employer (if the Employer is not the Plan Administrator) will notify the Plan Administrator or its designee of the Qualifying Event within 30 days following the date coverage ends when the Qualifying Event is:

- a. the end of employment or reduction of hours of employment,
- b. death of the employee,
- c. commencement of a proceeding in bankruptcy with respect to the Employer, or
- d. entitlement of the employee to any part of Medicare.

IMPORTANT:

For the other Qualifying Events (divorce or legal separation of the employee and spouse or a dependent child's losing eligibility for coverage as a dependent child), you or someone on your behalf must notify the Plan Administrator or its designee in writing within 60 days after the Qualifying Event occurs, using the procedures specified below. If these procedures are not followed or if the notice is not provided in writing to the Plan Administrator or its designee during the 60-day notice period, any spouse or dependent child who loses coverage will not be offered the option to elect continuation coverage. You must send this notice to the Plan Administrator or its designee.

NOTICE PROCEDURES: Any notice that you provide must be in writing. Oral notice, including notice by telephone, is not acceptable. You must mail, fax or hand-deliver your notice to the person, department or firm listed below, at the following address:

Navia Benefit Solutions PO Box 53250

Bellevue, WA 98015

If mailed, your notice must be postmarked no later than the last day of the required notice period. Any notice you provide must state:

the name of the plan or plans under which you lost or are losing coverage, the name and address of the employee covered under the plan,

the name(s) and address(es) of the Qualified Beneficiary(ies), and the Qualifying Event and the date it happened.

If the Qualifying Event is a divorce or legal separation, your notice must include a copy of the divorce decree or the legal separation agreement.

Be aware that there are other notice requirements in other contexts, for example, in order to qualify for a disability extension.

Once the Plan Administrator or its designee receives timely notice that a Qualifying Event has occurred, COBRA continuation coverage will be offered to each of the qualified beneficiaries. Each Qualified Beneficiary will have an independent right to elect COBRA continuation coverage.

Covered employees may elect COBRA continuation coverage for their spouses, and parents may elect COBRA continuation coverage on behalf of their children. For each Qualified Beneficiary who elects COBRA continuation coverage, COBRA continuation coverage will begin on the date that plan coverage would otherwise have been lost. If you or your spouse or dependent children do not elect continuation coverage within the 60-day election period described above, the right to elect continuation coverage will be lost.

08. Is a waiver before the end of the election period effective to end a Qualified Beneficiary's election rights?

If, during the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary waives COBRA continuation coverage, the waiver can be revoked at any time before the end of the election period. Revocation of the waiver is an election of COBRA continuation coverage. However, if a waiver is later revoked, coverage need not be provided retroactively (that is, from the date of the loss of coverage until the waiver is revoked). Waivers and revocations of waivers are considered made on the date they are sent to the Plan Administrator or its designee, as applicable.

09. Is COBRA coverage available if a Qualified Beneficiary has other group health plan coverage or Medicare?

Qualified Beneficiaries who are entitled to elect COBRA continuation coverage may do so even if they are covered under another group health plan or are entitled to Medicare benefits on or before the date on which COBRA is elected. However, a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA coverage will terminate automatically if, after electing COBRA, he or she becomes entitled to Medicare or becomes covered under other group health plan coverage (but only after any applicable preexisting condition exclusions of that other plan have been exhausted or satisfied).

10. When may a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage be terminated?

During the election period, a Qualified Beneficiary may waive COBRA continuation coverage. Except for an interruption of coverage in connection with a waiver, COBRA continuation coverage that has been elected for a Qualified Beneficiary must extend for at least the period

beginning on the date of the Qualifying Event and ending not before the earliest of the following dates:

- a. The last day of the applicable maximum coverage period.
- b. The first day for which Timely Payment is not made to the Plan with respect to the Qualified Beneficiary.
- c. The date upon which the Employer ceases to provide any group health plan (including a successor plan) to any employee.
- d. The date, after the date of the election, that the Qualified Beneficiary first becomes covered under any other Plan that does not contain any exclusion or limitation with respect to any pre-existing condition, other than such an exclusion or limitation that does not apply to, or is satisfied by, the Qualified Beneficiary.
- e. The date, after the date of the election, that the Qualified Beneficiary first becomes entitled to Medicare (either part A or part B, whichever occurs earlier).
- f. In the case of a Qualified Beneficiary entitled to a disability extension, the later of:
 - 1. (i) 29 months after the date of the Qualifying Event, or (ii) the first day of the month that is more than 30 days after the date of a final determination under Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act that the disabled Qualified Beneficiary whose disability resulted in the Qualified Beneficiary's entitlement to the disability extension is no longer disabled, whichever is earlier; or
 - 2. the end of the maximum coverage period that applies to the Qualified Beneficiary without regard to the disability extension.

The Plan can terminate for cause the coverage of a Qualified Beneficiary on the same basis that the Plan terminates for cause the coverage of similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries, for example, for the submission of a fraudulent claim.

In the case of an individual who is not a Qualified Beneficiary and who is receiving coverage under the Plan solely because of the individual's relationship to a Qualified Beneficiary, if the Plan's obligation to make COBRA continuation coverage available to the Qualified Beneficiary ceases, the Plan is not obligated to make coverage available to the individual who is not a Qualified Beneficiary.

11. What are the maximum coverage periods for COBRA continuation coverage?

The maximum coverage periods are based on the type of the Qualifying Event and the status of the Qualified Beneficiary, as shown below.

a. In the case of a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment, the maximum coverage period ends 18 months after the Qualifying Event if there is not a disability extension and 29 months after the Qualifying Event if there is a disability extension.

b. In the case of a covered Employee's enrollment in the Medicare program before experiencing a Qualifying Event that is a termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment, the maximum coverage period for Qualified Beneficiaries other than the covered Employee ends on the later of:

1. 36 months after the date the covered Employee becomes enrolled in the Medicare program; or

2. 18 months (or 29 months, if there is a disability extension) after the date of the covered Employee's termination of employment or reduction of hours of employment.

c. In the case of a Qualified Beneficiary who is a child born to or placed for adoption with a covered Employee during a period of COBRA continuation coverage, the maximum coverage period is the maximum coverage period applicable to the Qualifying Event giving rise to the period of COBRA continuation coverage during which the child was born or placed for adoption.

d. In the case of any other Qualifying Event than that described above, the maximum coverage period ends 36 months after the Qualifying Event.

12. Under what circumstances can the maximum coverage period be expanded?

If a Qualifying Event that gives rise to an 18-month or 29-month maximum coverage period is followed, within that 18- or 29-month period, by a second Qualifying Event that gives rise to a 36- months maximum coverage period, the original period is expanded to 36 months, but only for individuals who are Qualified Beneficiaries at the time of and with respect to both Qualifying Events. In no circumstance can the COBRA maximum coverage period be expanded to more than 36 months after the date of the first Qualifying Event. The Plan Administrator must be notified of the second qualifying event within 60 days of the second qualifying event. This notice must be

sent to the Plan Administrator or its designee in accordance with the procedures above.

13. How does a Qualified Beneficiary become entitled to a disability extension?

A disability extension will be granted if an individual (whether or not the covered Employee) who is a Qualified Beneficiary in connection with the Qualifying Event that is a termination or reduction of hours of a covered Employee's employment, is determined under Title II or XVI of the Social Security Act to have been disabled at any time during the first 60 days of COBRA continuation coverage. To qualify for the disability extension, the Qualified Beneficiary must also provide the Plan Administrator with notice of the disability determination on a date that is both within 60 days after the date of the determination and before the end of the original 18-month maximum coverage. This notice must be sent to the Plan Administrator or its designee in accordance with the procedures above.

14. Does the Plan require payment for COBRA continuation coverage?

For any period of COBRA continuation coverage under the Plan, Qualified Beneficiaries who elect COBRA continuation coverage may be required to pay up to 102% of the applicable premium and up to 150% of the applicable premium for any expanded period of COBRA continuation coverage covering a disabled Qualified Beneficiary due to a disability extension. Your Plan Administrator will inform you of the cost. The Plan will terminate a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage as of the first day of any period for which timely payment is not made.

15. Must the Plan allow payment for COBRA continuation coverage to be made in monthly installments?

Yes. The Plan is also permitted to allow for payment at other intervals.

16. What is Timely Payment for COBRA continuation coverage?

Timely Payment means a payment made no later than 30 days after the first day of the coverage period. Payment that is made to the Plan by a later date is also considered Timely Payment if either under the terms of the Plan, covered Employees or Qualified Beneficiaries are allowed until that later date to pay for their coverage for the period or under the terms of an arrangement between the Employer and the entity that provides Plan benefits on the Employer's behalf, the Employer is allowed until that later date to pay for coverage of similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries for the period.

Notwithstanding the above paragraph, the Plan does not require payment for any period of COBRA continuation coverage for a Qualified Beneficiary earlier than 45 days after the date on which the election of COBRA continuation coverage is made for that Qualified Beneficiary. Payment is considered made on the date on which it is postmarked to the Plan.

If Timely Payment is made to the Plan in an amount that is not significantly less than the amount the Plan requires to be paid for a period of coverage, then the amount paid will be deemed to satisfy the Plan's requirement for the amount to be paid, unless the Plan notifies the Qualified Beneficiary of the amount of the deficiency and grants a reasonable period of time for payment of the deficiency to be made. A "reasonable period of time" is 30 days after the notice is provided. A shortfall in a Timely Payment is not significant if it is no greater than the lesser of \$50 or 10% of the required amount.

17. Are there other coverage options besides COBRA Continuation Coverage?

Yes. Instead of enrolling in COBRA continuation coverage, there may be other coverage options for you and your family through the Health Insurance Marketplace, Medicaid, or other group health plan coverage options (such as a spouse's plan) through what is called a "special enrollment period." Some of these options may cost less than COBRA continuation coverage. You can learn more about many of these options at www.healthcare.gov.

18. Must a Qualified Beneficiary be given the right to enroll in a conversion health plan at the end of the maximum coverage period for COBRA continuation coverage?

If a Qualified Beneficiary's COBRA continuation coverage under a group health plan ends as a result of the expiration of the applicable maximum coverage period, the Plan will, during the 180-day period that ends on that expiration date, provide the Qualified Beneficiary with the option of enrolling under a conversion health plan if such an option is otherwise generally available to similarly situated non-COBRA beneficiaries under the Plan. If such a conversion option is not otherwise generally available, it need not be made available to Qualified Beneficiaries.

19. How is my participation in the Health Flexible Spending Account affected?

You can elect to continue your participation in the Health Flexible Spending Account for the remainder of the Plan Year, subject to the following conditions. You may only continue to participate in the Health Flexible Spending Account if you have elected to contribute more money than you have taken out in claims. For example, if you elected to contribute an annual amount of

\$750 and, at the time you terminate employment, you have contributed \$400 but only claimed

\$200, you may elect to continue coverage under the Health Flexible Spending Account. If you elect to continue coverage, then you would be able to continue to receive your health reimbursements up to the \$750. However, you must continue to pay for the coverage, just as the money has been taken out of your paycheck, but on an after-tax basis. The Plan can also charge you an extra amount (as explained above for other health benefits) to provide this benefit.

IF YOU HAVE QUESTIONS

If you have questions about your COBRA continuation coverage, you should contact the Plan Administrator or its designee. For more information about your rights under ERISA, including COBRA, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), and other laws affecting group health plans, contact the nearest Regional or District Office of the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration (EBSA). Addresses and phone numbers of Regional and District EBSA Offices are available through EBSA's website at www.dol.gov/ebsa.

KEEP YOUR PLAN ADMINISTRATOR INFORMED OF ADDRESS CHANGES

In order to protect your and your family's rights, you should keep the Plan Administrator informed of any changes in the addresses of family members. You should also keep a copy, for your records, of any notices you send to the Plan Administrator or its designee.

Attachment A

****HIPAA NOTICE OF PRIVACY PRACTICES****

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Purpose

This notice is intended to inform you of the privacy practices followed by your employer's Healthcare Flexible Spending Account Plan. It also explains the Federal privacy rights afforded to you and the members of your family as Plan Participants covered under a group health plan.

As a Plan sponsor your employer often needs access to health information in order to perform Plan Administrator functions. We want to assure the Plan Participants covered under our group health plan that we comply with Federal privacy laws and respect your right to privacy. We require all members of our workforce and third parties that are provided access to health information to comply with the privacy practices outlined below.

Uses and Disclosures of Health Information

Healthcare Operations. We use and disclose health information about you in order to perform Plan administration functions such as quality assurance activities, resolution of internal grievances, and evaluating plan performance. For example, we review claims experience in order to understand utilization and to make plan design changes that are intended to control health care costs.

Payment. We may also use or disclose identifiable health information about you without your written authorization in order to determine eligibility for benefits, seek reimbursement from a third party, or coordinate benefits with another health plan under which you are covered. For example, a healthcare provider that provided treatment to you will provide us with your health information. We use that information to determine whether those services are eligible for payment under our group health plan.

Treatment. Although the law allows use and disclosure of your health information for purposes of treatment, as a Plan sponsor we generally do not need to disclose your information for treatment purposes. Your physician or healthcare provider is required to provide you with an explanation of how they use and share your health information for purposes of treatment, payment, and healthcare operations.

As permitted or required by law. We may also use or disclose your health information without your written authorization for other reasons as permitted by law. We are permitted by law to share information, subject to certain requirements, in order to communicate information on health-related benefits or services that may be of interest to you, respond to a court order, or provide information to further public health activities (e.g., preventing the spread of disease) without your written authorization. We are also permitted to share health information during a corporate restructuring such as an merger, sale, or acquisition. We will also disclose health information about you when required by law, for example, in order to prevent serious harm to you or others.

Pursuant to your Authorization. When required by law, we will ask for your written authorization before using or disclosing your identifiable health information. If you choose to sign an authorization to disclose information, you can later revoke that authorization to cease any future uses or disclosures.

Right to Inspect and Copy. In most cases, you have a right to inspect and copy the health information we maintain about you. If you request copies, we will charge you \$0.05 (5 cents) for each page. Your request to inspect or review your health information must be submitted in writing to the person listed below.

Right to an Accounting of Disclosures. You have a right to receive a list of instances where we have disclosed health information about you for reasons other than treatment, payment, healthcare operations, or pursuant to your written authorization.

Right to Amend. If you believe that information within our records is incorrect or missing, you have a right to request that we correct the incorrect or missing information.

Right to Request Restrictions. You may request in writing that we not use or disclose information for treatment, payment, or other administrative purposes except when specifically authorized by you, when required by law, or in emergency circumstances. We will consider your request, but are not legally obligated to agree to those restrictions.

Right to Request Confidential Communications. You have a right to receive confidential communications containing your health information. We are required to accommodate reasonable requests. For example, you may ask that we contact you at your place of employment or send communications regarding treatment to an alternate address.

Right to Receive a Paper Copy of this Notice. If you have agreed to accept this notice electronically, you also have a right to obtain a paper copy of this notice from us upon request. To obtain a paper copy of this notice, please contact the person listed below.

Legal Information

The Company is required by law to protect the privacy of your information, provide this notice about information practices, and follow the information practices that are described in this notice.

We may change our policies at any time. Before we make a significant change in our policies, we will provide you with a revised copy of this notice. You can also request a copy of our current notice at any time. For more information about our

privacy practices, contact the person listed below:

Blue River Technology Human Resources

3303 Scott Blvd.

Santa Clara, CA 95054

(408) 461-9606

If you have any questions or complaints, please contact the Plan Administrator listed under the Article titled: "General Information About Our Plan".

Filing a Complaint

If you are concerned that we have violated your privacy rights, or you disagree with a decision we made about access to your records, you may contact the person listed above. You also may send a written complaint to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services; Office of Civil Rights. The person listed above can provide you with the appropriate address upon request or you may visit www.hhs.gov/ocr for further information.

Appendix A

Claims that are insured will be handled in accordance with procedures contained in the insurance policies. All other general requests should be directed to the Administrator of our

Plan. If a Claim under the Plan is denied in whole or in part, you will receive written notification. The notification will include the reasons for the denial, with reference to the specific provisions of the Plan on which the denial was based, a description of any additional information needed to process the claim and an explanation of the claims review procedure.

A level one appeal must be submitted within 180 days of receipt of the denial. Any such request should be accompanied by documents or records in support of your appeal (for example, your original claim, denial, claim documentation, and other correspondence or records). You may review pertinent documents and submit issues and comments in writing. The claims administrator will review the claim and provide, within 30 days, a written response to the appeal (extended by reasonable time if necessary). In this response, the claims administrator will explain the reason for the decision, with specific reference to the provisions of the Plan on which the decision is based. If you disagree with the level one appeal decision you may submit a request for a level two appeal to be determined by the Employer. You must submit a request for a level two appeal within 60 days of receipt of the level one denial notice. You will be notified within 30 days after the Employer receives the level two appeal (extended by reasonable time if necessary). The Employer has the exclusive right to interpret the appropriate plan provisions. Decisions of the Employer are conclusive and binding.

In the case of a claim under the Plan, the following timetable for claims applies: Notification of whether claim is accepted or denied: 30 days Extension due to matters beyond the control of the Plan: 15 days Denial or insufficient information on the claim:

Notification of: 15 days Response by Participant: 45 days Review of claim denial: 30 days

You must file your level one appeal by submitting a written request by email, fax, or mail. Indicate level one appeal on the email, fax, or letter. You must submit a level one appeal before you can submit a level two appeal. For the level one appeal submit to:

Email: claims@naviabenefits.com Fax: 425-451-7002 or 866-535-9227

Mail: Navia Benefit Solutions, Inc. PO Box 53250 Bellevue, Washington 98015

The Plan Administrator will provide written or electronic notification of any claim denial. The notice will state:

- (a) The specific reason or reasons for the denial;
- (b) Reference to the specific Plan provisions on which the denial was based;
- (c) A description of any additional material or information necessary for the claimant to perfect the claim and an explanation of why such material or information is necessary;

(d) A description of the Plan's review procedures and the time limits applicable to such procedures. This will include a statement of your right to bring a civil action under section 502 of ERISA following a denial on review (if applicable);

(e) A statement that the claimant is entitled to receive, upon request and free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim; and

(f) If the denial was based on an internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion, the specific rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion will be provided free of charge. If this is not practical, a statement will be included that such a rule, guideline, protocol, or criterion was relied upon in making the denial and a copy will be provided free of charge to the claimant upon request.

If your level one appeal is denied, you will have 60 days following receipt of the denial notification in which to appeal the decision in a level two appeal to your employer. You may submit written comments, documents, records, and other information relating to the claim (for example, your level one appeal, the original claim, denial, claim documentation, and other correspondence or records). If you request, you will be provided, free of charge, reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records, and other information relevant to the claim.

You must file your level two appeal by submitting a written request by email, fax, or mail. Indicate level two appeal on the email, fax, or letter. For the level two appeal submit to:

Email: claims@naviabenefits.com Fax: 425-451-7002 or 866-535-9227

Mail: Navia Benefit Solutions, Inc. PO Box 53250 Bellevue, Washington 98015

The period of time within which a denial on review is required to be made will begin at the time an appeal is filed in accordance with the procedures of the Plan. This timing is without regard to whether all the necessary information accompanies the filing.

A document, record, or other information shall be considered relevant to a claim if it:

(a) was relied upon in making the claim determination;

(b) was submitted, considered, or generated in the course of making the claim determination, without regard to whether it was relied upon in making the claim determination;

(c) demonstrated compliance with the administrative processes and safeguards designed to ensure and to verify that claim determinations are made in accordance with Plan documents and Plan provisions have been applied consistently with respect to all claimants; or

(d) constituted a statement of policy or guidance with respect to the Plan concerning the denied claim.

The level two appeal review will take into account all comments, documents, records, and other information submitted by the claimant relating to the claim, without regard to whether such information was submitted or considered in the initial claim determination. The review will not afford deference to the initial denial and will be conducted by a fiduciary of the Plan who is neither the individual who made the adverse determination nor a subordinate of that individual. If applicable to your plan, you may have a right to bring a civil action under ERISA § 502(a) if you file a level two appeal and your request for benefits is denied.

Appendix D: Notice of HIPAA Privacy Practices

BLUE RIVER TECHNOLOGY HEALTH AND WELFARE PLAN

PRIVACY PRACTICES NOTICE

(Version 05/01/2013)

THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION.

PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY. THE PRIVACY OF YOUR MEDICAL INFORMATION IS IMPORTANT TO US.

Summary of Our Privacy Practices

We may use and disclose your protected health information ("medical information"), without your permission, for treatment, payment, and health care operations activities. We may use and disclose your medical information, without your permission, when required or authorized by law for public health activities, law enforcement, judicial and administrative proceedings, research, and certain other public benefit functions.

We may disclose your medical information to your family members, friends, and others you involve in your care or payment for your health care. We may disclose your medical information to appropriate public and private agencies in disaster relief situations.

We may disclose to your employer whether you are enrolled or disenrolled in the health plans it sponsors. We may disclose summary health information to your employer for certain limited purposes. We may disclose your medical information to your employer to administer your group health plan if your employer explains the limitations on its use and disclosure of your

medical information in the plan document for your group health plan.

Except for certain legally-approved uses and disclosures, we will not otherwise use or disclose your medical information without your written authorization.

You have the right to examine and receive a copy of your medical information. You have the right to receive an accounting of certain disclosures we may make of your medical information. You have the right to request that we amend, further restrict use and disclosure of, or communicate in confidence with you about your medical information.

You have the right to receive notice of breaches of your unsecured medical information.

Please review this entire notice for details about the uses and disclosures we may make of your medical information, about your rights and how to exercise them, and about complaints regarding or additional information about our privacy practices.

Contact Information

For more information about our privacy practices, to discuss questions or concerns, or to

get additional copies of this notice, please contact our Contact Office.

Contact Office: Santa Clara, CA

Telephone: (408) 461-9606

Privacy Official: Manager of Total Rewards

Address: 3033 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054

Health Plans Covered by this Notice

This notice applies to the privacy practices of the health plans listed below. They may share with each other your medical information, and the

medical information of others they service, for the health care operations of their joint activities.

Healthcare Flexible Spending Account

Our Legal Duty

We are required by applicable federal and state law to maintain the privacy of your protected health information ("medical information"). We are also required to give you this notice about our privacy practices, our legal duties, and your rights concerning your medical information.

We must follow the privacy practices that are described in this notice while it is in effect. This notice takes effect **January 1, 2023**, and will remain in effect unless we replace it.

We reserve the right to change our privacy practices and the terms of this notice at any time, provided such changes are permitted by applicable law. We reserve the right to make any change in our privacy practices and the new terms of our notice applicable to all medical information we maintain, including medical information we created or received before we made the change.

Uses and Disclosures of Your Medical Information

Treatment: We may disclose your medical information, without your permission, to a physician or other health care provider to treat you.

Payment: We may use and disclose your medical information, without your permission, to pay claims from physicians, hospitals and other health care providers for services delivered to you that are covered by your health plan, to determine your eligibility for benefits, to coordinate your benefits with other payers, to determine the medical necessity of care delivered to you, to obtain premiums for your health coverage, to issue explanations of benefits to the subscriber of the health plan in which you participate, and the like. We may disclose your medical information to a health care provider or another health plan for that provider or plan to obtain payment or engage in other payment activities.

Health Care Operations: We may use and disclose your medical information, without your permission, for health care operations. Health care operations include:

- health care quality assessment and improvement activities;

- reviewing and evaluating health care provider and health plan performance, qualifications and competence, health care training programs, health care provider and health plan accreditation, certification, licensing and credentialing activities;
- conducting or arranging for medical reviews, audits, and legal services, including fraud and abuse detection and prevention;
- underwriting and premium rating our risk for health coverage, and obtaining stop-loss and similar reinsurance for our health coverage obligations; and
- business planning, development, management, and general administration, including customer service, grievance resolution, claims payment and health coverage improvement activities, de-identifying medical information, and creating limited data sets for health care operations, public health activities, and research.

We may disclose your medical information to another health plan or to a health care provider subject to federal privacy protection laws, as long as the plan or provider has or had a relationship with you and the medical information is for that plan's or provider's health care quality

assessment and improvement activities, competence and qualification evaluation and review activities, or fraud and abuse detection and prevention.

Your Authorization: You may give us written authorization to use your medical information or to disclose it to anyone for any purpose. If you give us an authorization, you may revoke it in writing at any time. Your revocation will not affect any use or disclosure permitted by your authorization while it was in effect. Unless you give us a written authorization, we will not use or disclose your medical information for any purpose other than those described in this notice. We generally may use or disclose any psychotherapy notes we hold only with your authorization.

Family, Friends, and Others Involved in Your Care or Payment for Care: We may disclose your medical information to a family member, friend or any other person you involve in your care or payment for your health care. We will disclose only the medical information that is relevant to the person's involvement.

We may use or disclose your name, location, and general condition to notify, or to assist an appropriate public or private agency to locate and notify, a person responsible for your care in appropriate situations, such as a medical emergency or during disaster relief efforts.

We will provide you with an opportunity to object to these disclosures, unless you are not present or are incapacitated or it is an emergency or disaster relief situation. In those situations, we will use our professional judgment to determine whether disclosing medical information related to your care or payment is in your best interest under the circumstances.

Your medical information remains protected by us for at least 50 years after you die. After you die, we may disclose to a family member, or other person involved in your health care prior to your death, the medical information that is relevant to that person's involvement, unless doing so is inconsistent with your preference and you have told us so.

Your Employer: We may disclose to your employer whether you are enrolled or disenrolled in a health plan that your employer sponsors.

We may disclose summary health information to your employer to use to obtain premium bids for the health insurance coverage

offered under the group health plan in which you participate or to decide whether to modify, amend or terminate that group health plan (this is sometimes called "underwriting"). Summary health information is aggregated claims history, claims expenses or types of claims experienced by the enrollees in your group health plan. Although summary health information will be stripped of all direct identifiers of these enrollees, it still may be possible to identify medical information contained in the summary health information as yours. We are expressly prohibited from using or disclosing any health information containing your genetic information for underwriting purposes.

Health-Related Products and Services: We may use your medical information to communicate with you about health-related products, benefits and services, and payment for those products, benefits and services that we provide or include in our benefits plan. We may use your medical information to communicate with you about treatment alternatives that may be of interest to you.

These communications may include information about the health care providers in our networks, about replacement of or enhancements to your health plan, and about health-related products or services that are available only to our enrollees that add value to our benefits plans.

Public Health and Benefit Activities: We may use and disclose your medical information, without your permission, when required by law, and when authorized by law for the following kinds of public health and public benefit activities:

- for public health, including to report disease and vital statistics, child abuse, and adult abuse, neglect or domestic violence;
- to avert a serious and imminent threat to health or safety;
- for health care oversight, such as activities of state insurance commissioners, licensing and peer review authorities, and fraud prevention agencies;
- for research;
- in response to court and administrative orders and other lawful process;
- to law enforcement officials with regard to crime victims and criminal activities;
- to coroners, medical examiners, funeral directors, and organ procurement organizations;

- to the military, to federal officials for lawful intelligence, counterintelligence, and national security activities, and to correctional institutions and law enforcement regarding persons in lawful custody; and
- as authorized by state worker's compensation laws.

Your Rights

Access: You have the right to examine and to receive a copy of your medical information, with limited exceptions. You should submit your request in writing to our Contact Office.

We may charge you reasonable, cost-based fees (including labor costs) for a copy of your medical information, for mailing the copy to you, and for preparing any summary or explanation of your medical information you request. Contact our Contact Office for information about our fees.

Your medical information may be maintained electronically. If so, you can request an electronic copy of your medical information. If you do, we will provide you with your medical information in the electronic form and format you requested, if it is readily producible in such form and format. If not, we will produce it in a readable electronic form and format as we mutually agree upon.

You may request that we transmit your medical information directly to another person you designate. If so, we will provide the copy to the designated person. Your request must be in writing, signed by you and must clearly identify the designated person and where we should send the copy of your medical information.

Disclosure Accounting: You have the right to a list of instances from the prior six in which we disclose your medical information for purposes other than treatment, payment, health care operations, as authorized by you, and for certain other activities.

You should submit your request to the contact at the end of this notice. We will provide you with information about each accountable disclosure that we made during the period for which you request the accounting, except we are not obligated to account for a disclosure that occurred more than 6 years before the date of your request and never for a disclosure that occurred before the plan's effective date (if the plan was created less than six years ago).

Amendment. You have the right to request that we amend your medical information. You

should submit your request in writing to the contact at the end of this notice.

We may deny your request only for certain reasons. If we deny your request, we will provide you a written explanation. If we accept your request, we will make your amendment part of your medical information and use reasonable efforts to inform others of the amendment who we know may have and rely on the unamended information to your detriment, as well as persons you want to receive the amendment.

Restriction: You have the right to request that we restrict our use or disclosure of your medical information for treatment, payment or health care operations, or with family, friends or others you identify. We are not required to agree to your request, except for certain required restrictions, described below. If we do agree, we will abide by our agreement, except in a medical emergency or as required or authorized by law. You should submit your request to the contact at the end of this notice. We will agree to (and not terminate) a restriction request if:

1. the disclosure is to a health plan for purposes of carrying out payment or health care operations and is not otherwise required by law; and
2. the medical information pertains solely to a health care item or service for which the individual, or person other than the health plan on behalf of the individual, has paid the covered entity in full.

Confidential Communication: You have the right to request that we communicate with you about your medical information in confidence by means or to locations that you specify. You should make your request in writing, and your request must represent that the information could endanger you if it is not communicated in confidence as you request. You should submit your request in writing to the contact at the end of this notice.

We will accommodate your request if it is reasonable, specifies the means or location for

communicating with you, and continues to permit us to collect premiums and pay claims under your health plan. Please note that an explanation of benefits and other information that we issue to the subscriber about health care that you received for which you did not request confidential communications, or about health care received by the subscriber or by others covered by the health plan in which you participate, may contain sufficient information to reveal that you obtained health care for which we paid, even though you requested that we communicate with you about that health care in confidence.

Breach Notification: You have the right to receive notice of a breach of your unsecured

medical information. Notification may be delayed or not provided if so required by a law enforcement official. You may request that notice be provided by electronic mail. If you are deceased and there is a breach of your medical information, the notice will be provided to your next of kin or personal representatives if the plan knows the identity and address of such individual(s).

Electronic Notice: If you receive this notice on our web site or by electronic mail (e-mail), you are entitled to receive this notice in written form. Please contact our Contact Office to obtain this notice in written form

Complaints

If you are concerned that we may have violated your privacy rights, or you disagree with a decision we made about access to your medical information, about amending your medical information, about restricting our use or disclosure of your medical information, or about how we communicate with you about your medical information (including a breach notice communication), you may complain to our Contact Office. You also may submit a written complaint to the Office for Civil Rights of the United States Department of Health and Human Services, 200 Independence Avenue, SW, Room 509F, HHH Building, Washington, D.C. 20201. You may contact the Office for Civil Rights' Hotline at 1-800-368-1019.

We support your right to the privacy of your medical information. We will not retaliate in any way if you choose to file a complaint with us or with the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Appendix E: Summary of Material Modifications

Notice of Expiration of Certain Deadline Relief and Summary of Material Modifications

Prepared for Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan Participants Effective May 11, 2023

This document provides notice of the expiration of the deadline relief that began on March 1, 2020, and an explanation of how that expiration will affect certain deadlines tolled under prior guidance applicable to ERISA plans. This is a Summary of Material Modifications (“Summary”) to the extent those extensions applied to ERISA benefits under the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan (“the Plan”). You should take the time to read this Summary carefully and keep it with the Summary Plan Description (“SPD”) document that was previously provided to you. If you need another copy of the SPD or if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan, please contact Human Resources during normal business hours at 3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara CA 95054, telephone number (408) 461-9606 or visit our website at BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life.

The end of the National Emergency and Public Health Emergency will impact the expiration of many rules stemming from the COVID-19 federal emergency declarations. Information below summarizes the timing of when important rules will be phased out.

- On April 28, 2020, Multi-Agency guidance extended certain deadlines that apply to group health plans that fall within the COVID-19 outbreak period beginning **March 1, 2020**. Those deadlines included and were limited to the following:
 - The 30-day period to request special enrollment under HIPAA (or 60-day period as applicable to CHIP enrollment requests);
 - employees, spouses, and new dependents are allowed to enroll upon marriage, birth, adoption, or placement for adoption;
 - employees and dependents are allowed to enroll if they had declined coverage due to other health coverage and then lose eligibility or lose all employer contributions towards active coverage;
 - employees and their dependents are allowed to enroll upon loss of coverage under a state Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP) or Medicaid or who are eligible to receive premium assistance under those programs;
 - The 60-day election period for COBRA continuation coverage;
 - The deadline for making COBRA premium payments;
 - The 60-day deadline for individuals to notify a plan of a COBRA qualifying event or determination of disability;
 - The deadline for individuals to file an ERISA benefit claim under the plan's claims procedure (including a H-FSA run out period deadline that ends during the outbreak period); or
 - The deadline for claimants to file an appeal of an adverse benefit determination, a request for an external review, and to file information related to a request for external review for an ERISA plan.

The period that these deadlines can be tolled was limited to the earlier of one year from the date an individual was first eligible for relief, or 60 days after the announced end of the National Emergency.

- On March 18, 2020, the Families First Coronavirus Response Act (FFCRA) was signed into law and required all employer-sponsored health plans to provide coverage for testing and other services related to COVID-19 without cost sharing. The Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security Act (CARES Act) expanded coverage of COVID-19 testing and effective January 15, 2022, Multi-Agency guidance included OTC COVID-19 tests to be covered by all group health plans without cost sharing.

This requirement was effective for the duration of the Public Health Emergency and will end May 11, 2023. In compliance with current California state legislation, cost-share waivers for COVID testing/treatment currently in effect in California will remain in force until the California Public Health Emergency expires.

Again, if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan or your specific circumstances, please contact Human Resources during normal business hours at 3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara CA 95054, telephone number (408) 461-9606 or visit our website at BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life.

**Summary of Material Modification
To
Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan**

This notice is a formal Summary of Material Modifications (“SMM”) to ERISA benefits under the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan (“the Plan”) and serves as a companion attachment to your Summary Plan Description (“SPD”). If you need another copy of the SPD or if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan, please contact Human Resources during normal business hours at 3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054, telephone number (408) 761-7628 or visit our website at BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life. View as guest with Employer Key “blueriver”.

Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan sponsored by Blue River Technology, LLC has been revised as follows:

Effective January 1, 2024:

- Starting January 1, 2024, BRT is pleased to introduce a High Deductible Health Plan (HDHP) through Aetna. BRT will cover the premium cost for employees enrolled in this plan! For those that elect to also enroll their family in this plan, you'll just be expected to pay a small portion of the cost to cover your dependents.
- Along with our new HDHP plan offering, we are also introducing a Health Savings Account (HSA) administered by Fidelity. Enrolling the HDHP will qualify you to open and contribute to an HSA. Those who open an HSA account will receive annual BRT HSA contributions. BRT will contribute \$500 for those enrolled in Employee Only coverage and \$1,000 for those covering themselves and their dependents. ****IMPORTANT NOTE** - YOU ARE REQUIRED TO COMPLETE THE NECESSARY STEPS TO OPEN YOUR HSA ACCOUNT PRIOR TO JANUARY 1, 2024 IN ORDER TO RECEIVE THE BRT HSA CONTRIBUTION. THE HSA ACCOUNT WILL NOT BE AUTOMATICALLY OPENED ON YOUR BEHALF. LOOK OUT FOR AN EMAIL FROM FIDELITY WITH INSTRUCTIONS ON HOW TO OPEN YOUR HSA ACCOUNT. IF YOU DO NOT OPEN YOUR HSA ACCOUNT WITH FIDELITY IN A TIMELY MANNER, YOU WILL FORFEIT THE BRT HSA CONTRIBUTION.**

2024 HSA Annual Limits

	Individual	Individual + Dependents
2024 BRT HSA Annual Contribution	\$500	\$1,000
Your Max HSA Annual Contribution	\$3,650	\$7,300
2024 IRS Annual HSA Contribution Limit	\$4,150	\$8,300

- BRT will be offering a Limited Purpose Flexible Spending Account (LPFSA) for 2024. A LPFSA is a pre-tax benefit account used to pay for eligible dental and vision expenses only. While you are not allowed to contribute to both an HSA and an FSA, you are allowed to contribute to an HSA and LPFSA. If you previously contributed to the Health Care FSA, any remaining funds after the end of the plan year, up to \$610, will be rolled into the LPFSA account.
- As with every year, BRT is impacted with insurance premium increases. Although BRT absorbs most of the premium increases from our insurance carriers, we do have to pass down some minor increases to our employees. Our goal is to minimize the changes to our employees but in some instances you will see minor increases to the premium contributions you make through your paycheck deduction.

FILING INSTRUCTIONS

Please keep this memorandum with your copy of the Plan's Summary Plan Description (SPD), as it explains important changes that may affect your benefits.

ERISA INFORMATION

Plan Sponsor: Blue River Technology, LLC

Sponsor's EIN#: 45-2442141

Plan Name: Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan

Plan Number: 501

Plan Year: January 1, 2024 – December 31, 2024

Summary of Material Modification To Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan

This notice is a formal Summary of Material Modifications (“SMM”) to ERISA benefits under the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan (“the Plan”) and serves as a companion attachment to your Summary Plan Description (“SPD”). If you need another copy of the SPD or if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan, please contact Human Resources during normal business hours at 3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054, telephone number (408) 761-7628 or visit our website at [BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life](https://www.blueriver.com/MyBenefitsLife). View as guest with Employer Key “blueriver”.

Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan sponsored by Blue River Technology, LLC has been revised as follows:

Effective January 1, 2025:

1. **Discontinuing the Aetna PPO 250:** We are discontinuing the Aetna PPO 250 Plan from our existing health plans. This decision was made to streamline our offerings and focus on providing the most cost effective and sustainable options for our employees. The Aetna PPO 500, HDHP w/HSA and Kaiser HMO CA plans will remain.
 - If you are currently enrolled in the Aetna PPO 250 plan, you need to select a new plan from the above offerings. If you don't make a new medical plan selection, you will automatically be enrolled in the Aetna PPO 500 plan effective January 1, 2025.
2. **Increased Premium Contributions:** As a result of the significant insurance premium increases, the employee premium contributions for our medical plans will also be increasing.

In prior years, we were able to minimize the increases to employee contributions. Blue River absorbed as much of the increase in cost year over year, but unfortunately, this year, we had to make the difficult decision to increase our employee contributions a little more than prior years. You will find detailed cost information in our 2025 Benefits Guide.

We are still maintaining our philosophy of offering a \$0 premium contribution plan and will be keeping the Aetna HDHP plan w/ HSA premium-free for employee coverage. We are also increasing the Employer HSA funding. Details of the changes are listed below.

3. **What to expect if you're moving from the Aetna PPO 250 to the Aetna PPO 500:**
 - The deductible will increase from \$250 to \$500 for individual coverage and from \$500 to \$1,000 for family coverage.
 - The In-Network coinsurance will increase from 10% to 20%.
 - The Out-of-Network coinsurance will increase from 30% to 40%.
 - The Office Visit copay will increase from \$10 to \$20.
 - The Emergency Room cost structure will change from 10% after \$250 to 20% after \$200.
 - The pharmacy copay for brand formulary drugs increases from \$30 to \$40
 - The pharmacy copay for brand non-formulary drugs increases from \$50 to \$60
 - If you're currently enrolled in the PPO 250 plan and migrate to the PPO 500 plan, you will notice the Out-of-Pocket Maximums are exactly the same. This means that your maximum financial liability on Aetna PPO 500 is the same as the Aetna PPO 250.
4. **Adjustments to our Plan Designs:**
 - **Aetna PPO 500 (enhancement):** There is no longer a pharmacy deductible associated with the Aetna PPO 500 medical plan. This means you will immediately start paying your pharmacy copays.
 - **Aetna HDHP:** In order to comply with IRS requirements of HDHPs, the Aetna HDHP individual deductible will increase from \$3,200 to \$3,300 and the family deductible will increase from \$6,400 to \$6,600. Additionally, In-Network and emergency room coinsurances will increase from 10% to 20% and the Out-of-Network coinsurance will increase from 30% to 40%. The Out-of-Pocket maximum will remain unchanged.
 - **Kaiser HMO (CA-Only):** The Kaiser HMO Emergency Room copay will be increasing from \$150 to \$250.
 - **VSP Vision (enhancement):** Our plan's contact lens allowance will increase from \$200 to \$250. The Featured Frame Brand allowance will also increase from \$220 to \$250. The non-featured frame allowance will remain \$200.

- BRT Health Savings Account (HSA) funding (enhancement) requires HDHP enrollment: We increased the employer HSA funding from \$500 to \$750 for those enrolled in Employee Only coverage and from \$1,000 to \$1,500 for those enrolled in Employee + Dependent coverage.

2025 Health Savings Account Annual Limits:

	Individual	Individual + Dependents
2025 BRT HSA Annual contribution	\$750	\$1,500
Your Max HSA Annual Contribution	\$3,550	\$7,050
2025 IRS Annual HSA Contribution Limit	\$4,300	\$8,550

2025 Flexible Spending Account Annual Limits:

	2024	2025
Healthcare & Limited Purpose FSA	\$3,200	\$3,300
Dependent Care FSA	\$5,000	\$5,000

ERISA Information

This notice is a formal Summary of Material Modifications (“SMM”) to ERISA benefits under the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan (“the Plan”) and serves as a companion attachment to your Summary Plan Description (“SPD”). If you need another copy of the SPD or if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan, please contact Human Resources during normal business hours at 3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054, telephone number (408) 761-7628 or visit our website at [BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life](https://www.BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life).

Summary of Material Modification To Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan

This notice is a formal Summary of Material Modifications (“SMM”) to ERISA benefits under the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan (“the Plan”) and serves as a companion attachment to your Summary Plan Description (“SPD”). If you need another copy of the SPD or if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan, please contact Human Resources during normal business hours at 3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054, telephone number (408) 733-2583 or visit our website at BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life.

Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan sponsored by Blue River Technology, LLC has been revised as follows:

Effective March 1, 2025:

- Temporary workers may become eligible for benefits on the first of the month following the completion of a 12-month measurement period which determines that at least 1,560 hours were worked. Eligible dependents include a legally married spouse or domestic partner, and children up to age 26 or children named in a QMCSO.
- Once temporary workers meet the required hours worked within their 12-month measurement period they will be eligible to enroll in Blue River’s Medical, Dental, Vision, EAP and/or 401(k) plans. If a newly eligible worker enrolls in an HSA eligible medical plan, they are also eligible for Blue River’s HSA plan and contributions.

FILING INSTRUCTIONS

Please keep this memorandum with your copy of the Plan’s Summary Plan Description (SPD), as it explains important changes that may affect your benefits.

ERISA INFORMATION

Plan Sponsor: Blue River Technology, LLC

Sponsor’s EIN#: 45-2442141

Plan Name: Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan

Plan Number: 501

Plan Year: January 1, 2025 – December 31, 2025

Summary of Material Modification To Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan

This notice is a formal Summary of Material Modifications (“SMM”) to ERISA benefits under the Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan (“the Plan”) and serves as a companion attachment to your Summary Plan Description (“SPD”). If you need another copy of the SPD or if you have any questions regarding these changes to the Plan, please contact Human Resources during normal business hours at 3303 Scott Blvd. Santa Clara, CA 95054, telephone number (408) 733-2583 or visit our website at BlueRiver.MyBenefits.Life.

Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan sponsored by Blue River Technology, LLC has been revised as follows:

Effective January 1, 2026:

- **Enhanced Fertility Program Benefits** - We are enhancing our fertility benefits to provide increased support through Aetna and Kaiser in alignment with California SB 729 requirements, which generally expand coverage for infertility diagnosis and treatment, including services such as in vitro fertilization (IVF), when medically appropriate.
- **STD Accident Waiting Period** – The waiting period for an accident on our STD plan will be increasing from 0 days to 7 days in alignment with our sickness waiting period.

FILING INSTRUCTIONS

Please keep this memorandum with your copy of the Plan’s Summary Plan Description (SPD), as it explains important changes that may affect your benefits.

ERISA INFORMATION

Plan Sponsor: Blue River Technology, LLC

Sponsor’s EIN#: 45-2442141

Plan Name: Blue River Technology Health and Welfare Plan

Plan Number: 501

Plan Year: January 1, 2026 – December 31, 2026